

POST-SCRIPTS

By GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"He who knows and knows he knows, he is wise—follow him!" Hark to these reporters!

It seems that Secretary Kellogg's Nicaraguan policy is like a fellow's pocketbook after the New Year's bills have been paid—no change.

While disliking to disagree with our own editorial we must admit that Chairman Dempsey is quite right in holding \$12,000,000 very reasonable for macadamizing a river as damp as the upper Missouri is in some spots.

Charlie Chaplin falls out of bed and bumps his nose on a chair and gets all bloody, and, my dear, if the doctor had just happened to have had a custard pie handy it would have been a scream.

Frank L. Smith, who is as welcome at the Senate as a polecat at a picnic, will arrive today with his credentials in his hand and a barrel stave under his coat, and violent celebration at the north end of the Capitol discloses a great variety of plans for dealing with his case. Some of the more moderate thinkers, whose brains are only partly scrambled, do not subscribe to the theory that he should be taken up on the dome and kicked off into stellar space, but hold that the coal chute is amply sufficient, while others maintain that by pouring soft soap all over the steps at the main entrance the problem could be solved with dignity and in accordance with the best senatorial traditions. One would think that Illinois had seceded from the Union!

The government's plan for increasing the soft jobs in the Federal service indicates that the 1928 campaign is getting under way a little earlier than usual this year.

Indignant gentlemen desiring to hurl a bomb at the New York Italian consulate as a "gesture of disapproval of Mussolini" should wait until they have scraped up enough for a ticket to Rome.

Our idea of properly inaugurating a thrift week is not calling Seattle on the long-distance.

For two full hours Senator Bruce, single-handed and alone, like brave Horatius at the bridge, prevents the Senate from passing any more laws. The Carnegie hero medal committee should hear of this noble deed.

The House receives recommendations for 200 public buildings. One good pork barrel bill deserves another. Peru doesn't seem to take any more kindly to Secretary Kellogg's policies than the Senate does.

There's one more question in the science of log-rolling we'd like to have Chairman Dempsey answer—how many votes for the Missouri river did the Cape Cod canal cost?

The Senate, in the spirit of Benjamin Franklin, founder of the American navy, authorizes those three new cruisers, and it is to be hoped that when the House next gets a chance to be itself it will join the national thrift movement.

Chief Justice Taft gives us something to ponder upon in the matter of law enforcement, but a State which looks to Washington for its good roads, and its deep rivers, and its public buildings eventually will look to it for its government.

The Supreme Court upholds the Senate's right to drive a horse to water, but carefully refrains from mentioning anything about making him drink.

Dr. George David Stewart, president of the American College of Surgeons, says he could practice best with alcohol, and that men, like animals, have always picked the things that are best for them, but what does he know about medicine compared to Dr. Wayne B. Wheeler.

"Three hundred New York clergymen take the highly dangerous step of going into politics and undertaking to say who shall and who shall not be President. In encounters like this through history can they name a single instance in which the church has not come off second best?"

Still, Mr. Chief Justice, it'll be time enough for the States to begin putting down the crime wave when the Federal government stops passing laws that it can't enforce itself.

It is said there is no one who, at his death, can not be replaced, but here is the exception which proves the rule—now that Leisenring is gone, who can dig up for us on five minutes' notice a copy of the National Intelligencer for June 26, 1813, or a first edition of the Potomack Packet?

Chairman Dempsey consumes (page 6) two columns in trying to refute an editorial of two sticks. As Alfred Henry Lewis used to say, "It's the acid test."

OFFICIALS LOOK ON AS FOCHOW MOBS ATTACK AMERICANS

Men and Women Suffer From Injuries After All-Day Violence.

U. S. DESTROYER SENT TO SCENE OF RIOTING

Crowd Tears Down Barricade at Japanese Quarter in Hankow, Is Report.

Fochow, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—The fury of the Chinese mobs was exhausted today and quiet reigned after the anti-foreign outbreak yesterday which resulted in the beating of several American and British men and women, and the plundering of much foreign property.

Among the foreigners who were attacked and their residences looted were: Dr. H. D. Matthews, and Mrs. Matthews and their daughter; the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Woods and their daughter; and Miss Margaret R. Baldwin, all missionaries of the Anglican church. Other British victims were Miss Crabbe and Miss Holbrook.

Americans who suffered from mob violence were Dr. and Mrs. Lewis and the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Beard.

Others were threatened.

Several of those attacked were badly beaten and dragged through the streets.

Authorities Look On.

The anti-Christian rioting began at 9 a. m. Sunday and continued until dark.

Northern soldiers, recently enrolled in the Cantonese army, are said to have led the attack upon the Christian churches and hospitals, maintained by white people for the spiritual and bodily welfare of the Chinese.

Authorities in charge of 40,000 soldiers of the nationalist government looked on while the Chinese mobs looted all Catholic schools and churches, the Anglican girls' school, the blind boys' school, Anglican and Methodist hospital and the city branch of the Young Men's Christian Association.

The demonstration had its forerunner Saturday, when Pukien students broke into the Spanish Dominican orphanage, viarage and church, drove out the nuns and priests and abducted the Chinese orphan girls there.

Fochow is about 35 miles inland on the Nanking river. It is one of the principal cities of Jukien province, where anti-Christian feeling has been spreading for some time.

U. S. Destroyer on Way.

Shanghai, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—The American destroyer Pillsbury left here tonight for Fochow.

A Reuter's dispatch from there reaching here tonight said the looting of English and American missionary churches there yesterday resulted in no casualties, but that there was much property loss. The situation was reported well in hand and the foreign quarter quiet.

Evacuation of foreigners in Szechwan province was reported today to be proceeding systematically. British residents were reported leaving Chengtu, provincial capital, in groups of 30 at a time.

Word received from Hankow today said a mob tore down the barricade around the Japanese concessions there a few days ago. The Japanese quarter was not molested during the demonstration of January 3, which caused British and Americans to leave the city.

Boston Gets Report.

Boston, Jan. 17.—Dr. and Mrs. Lewis and the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Beard, reported in dispatches from Fochow, China, to have suffered from mob violence.

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LAUSANNE PACT FAILS TO GET NEEDED VOTE

First Senate Test Comes on Second Article, Relating to Capitulations.

(By Associated Press.)

In the first test of strength on the Lausanne treaty, administration forces yesterday failed to muster a two-thirds majority in the Senate, which would be necessary for ratification of the pact for reestablishment of diplomatic and commercial relations with Turkey.

The test came in executive session on the second article of the treaty, relating to capitulations. This was approved by a vote reported to have been 50 to 33.

A final vote on the treaty itself is expected tomorrow, with opponents predicting its rejection.

Youth Steals \$5,000 For Invalid Father

Cleveland, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Louis Kater, 20-year-old cashier of the Colonial Iron Works Co., here was reported by police today to have confessed he embezzled \$5,000 from the company to pay doctor bills for his father who died two weeks ago.

Authorities said the irregularities began in 1923 and that Kater declared every cent involved had gone for the care of his invalid parent.

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SENATE'S SUBPENA OF M. S. DAUGHERTY UPHELD BY COURT

Tribunal Rules Congress Has Power to Compel Attendance.

(By the Associated Press.)

The power of Congress to compel the attendance of witnesses at investigations or hearings was upheld yesterday by the Supreme Court in an unanimous opinion.

The decision was rendered in the now celebrated case of Mal S. Daugherty, of Washington, D. C., who refused to appear before the special Senate committee authorized to investigate the administration of the Department of Justice under his brother, Harry M. Daugherty, as Attorney General.

The court did not pass on the question of the power of Congress to compel witnesses either to answer questions or to produce books and papers demanded by committees. It held that these two questions were not raised in this particular case.

The effect of the decision is to clear the way for the Senate to bring Mal Daugherty before its bar or before a committee and there propound to him such questions as its investigating committee had in mind to ask him.

Path to Crowe Action Seen.

Should he then fail to make reply, the Senate undoubtedly would follow the same course it did in the case of Harry P. Sinclair, millionaire oil producer, who now is under indictment in the District of Columbia Supreme court for contempt of the Senate by reason of his failure to answer questions in the famous Teapot Dome investigation.

The Sinclair case is a broader one than that which the court passed yesterday, in that the oil man specifically refused, on the advice of counsel, to answer specific questions put to him by Senator Walsh (Democrat), Montana, prosecutor of the inquiry.

Receiving the decision of the court with expressions of deep satisfaction, Senate leaders regarded it as also clearing the pathway for action against Robert E. Crowe, State's attorney for Cook county, Ill., and others who defied the Senate.

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Alcohol, as Drug, Defended At Banquet of Surgeons

Dr. Stewart Says He Wishes He Could Make Supreme Court See Its Value—Mayo Favors Prohibition But Asserts He Is No Bigot.

(By Associated Press.)

The annual banquet of the American College of Surgeons in the Mayflower hotel last night became an open forum on the prohibition question, with Dr. George David Stewart, president-elect of the college, declaring he wished he could make the justices of the United States Supreme Court see the value of alcohol as a drug.

"Russia went dry in 1918," Dr. Stewart said, "and then went crazy in 1917."

Dr. Stewart declared that Congress, in passing the eighteenth amendment, should have passed another law to prevent the people from eating certain kinds of foods.

Dr. Charles H. Mayo, eminent surgeon and former president of the American College of Surgeons, declared that he favored prohibition, but was "no bigot."

"The Catholic Hospital association, stated that he has 'unconsciously' broken the prohibition law, but only on a doctor's prescription."

"Al Smith, governor of New York, whom the people are grooming for President, will never more be known as a Democrat," Dr. Stewart said. "He is best known as a wet."

There are no Democrats or Republicans anymore, Dr. Stewart stated. "A man is either wet or dry," he said. Dr. Stewart declared that men, like animals, by instinct have picked the things that are best for them. He said he

EFFORT AT SUICIDE ON CHAPLIN'S PART DENIED BY DOCTOR

Star Lost Much Blood in Fall From His Bed, It Is Announced.

U. S., IN TAX ACTION, DEMANDS \$1,073,721

Income Liens Cover 7 Years; Wife Gets \$4,000 Monthly Temporary Alimony.

New York, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—When an average citizen falls out of bed—that's one thing.

When Charles Chaplin falls out of bed—that's another.

Early yesterday morning at the apartment of his attorney, Nathan Burkan, the film comedian—in person—did an unforced fall, but not an unforced one.

Rumors that, because of his low spirits due to his impending divorce action brought by his wife, he had not fallen out of bed, but had attempted suicide, met official denial today.

Dr. Gustav J. E. Tieck, attending the comedian, said suicide reports were "humbug."

"Absolutely," he said, "humbug! Mr. Chaplin, who has been very nervous the last day or so, spent a nervous night. In turning over he slipped out of bed and struck his nose on a chair. It bled. Anything else is humbug."

Chaplin's condition was "not so good," Dr. Tieck said tonight after visiting the comedian. The doctor said Chaplin was suffering from one of his fits of depression and was "so weak he can hardly stand."

Losses Considerable Blood.

The fall brought about a severe nose bleed, during which Mr. Chaplin lost considerable blood.

Today the telephone in his apartment was disconnected to insure him against outside interruptions and he was under the care of a nurse.

He sat up for a part of the day. Under the law he has ten days to file his answer to the suit instituted by Lita Grey Chaplin in California, and today was the ninth day.

It is believed he will ask for an extension of time to file his defense, which will be prepared here by his attorney and forwarded to Los Angeles.

U. S. Begins Tax Suit.

Los Angeles, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—The Federal government today stepped into the Charles Chaplin-Lita Grey divorce and financial battle by laying claim to \$1,073,721.47 in liens on income tax covering a period of seven years.

The liens were filed by Galen Welch, collector of internal revenue, with the clerk of the United States district court.

These government liens, it was indicated, take prior claim over all rights of Mrs. Chaplin, who has brought a divorce and division of property action against the famous film comedian, and over those of other alleged copartners or creditors.

The liens were as follows: 1918, \$134,622.49; 1919, \$31,501.21; 1921, \$576,968.49; 1922, \$71,208.73; 1923, \$89,371.83; 1924, \$170,048.72.

Lita Grey Chaplin, wife of Charles Spencer Chaplin, was granted \$4,000 a month.

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NICARAGUAN POLICY OF U. S. UNCHANGED, KELLOGG DECLARES

None Is Contemplated, His Answer to Critics of Tactics.

TO CONTINUE OFFER OF GOOD OFFICES

Senators Interpret Statement as Leaving Way Clear to Reopen Diaz Case.

By ALBERT W. FOX.

The Coolidge administration is not changing its policy with respect to Nicaragua and Mexico, according to Secretary of State Kellogg, who noted reports in yesterday's Post to the effect that critics of the government's policy were proclaiming that a change was at hand and that latest developments demonstrated it.

These reports stated that Secretary Kellogg had delicately suggested to President Diaz of Nicaragua that he might wish to relinquish the presidency in the interest of peace and harmony, that the efforts of Costa Rica to mediate and bring about a new election were receiving support from the United States and that Senator Borah's idea of arbitrating questions involved in the Mexican controversy was gaining in force.

Incidentally, it was pointed out that Secretary Kellogg and Senator Borah conferred for an hour and a half Sunday afternoon, the Secretary having called at the senator's home to talk matters over.

Kellogg Issues Statement.

Mr. Kellogg issued the following statement yesterday morning: "There has been no change whatever in this government's policy toward Nicaragua."

From the beginning of the trouble over a year ago, the United States offered its good offices and exerted its influence to compose the differences. The same attitude has existed ever since Diaz was elected president. Nor is any change contemplated."

This statement was regarded by the administration's supporters at the Capitol as a straightforward and dignified explanation of the policy which should serve notice on the administration's critics that no deviation from the policy announced by the President's message to the Congress is to be expected.

Furthermore, it became known that Secretary Kellogg does not feel he would be warranted in asking Diaz to step aside. The unsuccessful efforts which Costa Rica made to restore harmony in Nicaragua were sympathetically watched by the government of the United States, it is added, but this does not mean that the administration is not standing firmly behind its action in stating that Diaz is the constitutional president and that the United States will support him.

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OVERDUE STEAMSHIP LOST IN BLIZZARD

Tugs and Coast Guard Cutters Seek John Tracy, Bound Norfolk to Boston.

Boston, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Hope for the safety of the overdue steamer John Tracy, which sailed from Norfolk for Boston, January 8, with a cargo of coal, dwindled tonight when it was reported that the vessel was last seen off Pollock Rip lightship, January 11, in a northeast gale and blizzard.

The Tracy was due to reach Boston on Tuesday, January 11. Tonight a tug sent out from New York to search for the vessel reported to the owners that she was sighted off the lightship at 8 o'clock Tuesday morning and remained in view for three hours before the fog swallowed her. At that time the worst gale of the winter was raging, and the steamer would have been off Cape Cod about noon when the storm was at its height. The position given is little more than 80 miles from Boston, and the lack of news from the vessel led to fears that Capt. Rudolph Richter, of Waverley, and his crew of 26 men had perished.

Capt. Richter's wife and children tonight were hoping against hope while two tugs and two coast guard cutters continued the search for the missing ship.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COLUMN 4.)

Japan to Retain Present Navy, Premier Tells Diet

Hands-Off China Policy Pledged by Foreign Minister, Who Says He Regrets U. S. Immigration Bar Has Not Been Adjusted.

Maintenance of existing armaments in Japan will be continued unless "notable changes" occur in the world situation, Premier R. Wakatsuki declared today in a speech at the opening of the Japanese diet.

"Our military and naval strength has been fixed in commensuration with the present situation of the world," the premier said. "It follows, therefore, that unless notable changes occur therein we must continue to maintain existing armaments. As, however, warships constituting the basis of seapower become gradually superseded, and lose their strength and efficiency with the passing of time, the government has adopted the program of the construction of vessels to replace the old auxiliary craft, thereby preventing the diminution of the present naval strength, insuring security of national defense."

A hands-off policy with respect to China was enunciated in an address to the diet by Baron K. Shidehara, minister of foreign affairs.

The texts of the Wakatsuki and Shidehara speeches were cabled here from Tokyo and made public by the Japanese embassy last night.

The only reference to the United States in the foreign minister's speech concerned Japanese exclusion.

"I regret," he said, "that the question of discriminatory treatment involved in the United States immigration act of 1924, still remains unadjusted."

Japan's Chinese policy was summarized by Baron Shidehara as follows:

First—Respect the sovereignty and territorial integrity of China and unobscurely avoid all interference in her domestic strife.

Second—Promote the solidarity and economic approachment between the two nations.

Third—Entertain sympathetic and helpful the just aspirations of the Chinese people and cooperate in efforts of realization of such aspirations.

Fourth—Maintain an attitude of patience and toleration in the present situation in China and at the same time protect Japan's legitimate and essential rights and interests by all reasonable means at the disposal of the government.

Referring to the failure of the tariff conference held at Peking, Baron Shidehara said:

"We have no objection to levying the surtaxes provided in the Washington customs treaty, but we must make reasonably certain that such additional customs revenue shall not be applied directly or indirectly to purposes of civil war or shall not be appropriated to the private use of any faction. We must satisfy ourselves that the proposed measure generally conforms to the letter and spirit of the Washington treaty."

He emphasized the desirability of "an early resumption" of the conference between the powers and "responsible men."

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COLUMN 3.)

PERU REJECTS KELLOGG'S TAGNA-ARICA PROPOSAL

Says it Can Not Accept Cession by Purchase or Other Means.

(By the Associated Press.)

Peru has rejected the proposal of Secretary Kellogg that the disputed province of Tagna and Arica be ceded to Bolivia.

The State Department was so advised in a lengthy memorandum delivered to Kellogg yesterday by Ambassador Velarde. The text of the communication was made public last night. Declaring that because a province has not been held the two provinces continue to be Peruvian, the memorandum said: "Peru can not accept the proposed cession of the territories of Tagna and Arica to anyone, whether by purchase or by any other method, because he who has been defending for more than 40 years his rights over said territories can not convert them into a merchandise to be sold at a price, however large this may be."

Instead of simplifying the solution of the Tagna-Arica problem, the latest proposal of Secretary Kellogg complicates it, the memorandum said, adding that although it would not be accepted by Peru, "this rejection does not carry with it the intention of obstructing any other solutions."

Peru, Kellogg was informed, "is disposed to listen to all suggestions for a settlement, but under the condition that the towns of Tagna and Arica be returned to the latter with its port and Morro."

Chile already had agreed to consider the Secretary's proposal, as has Bolivia, to whom the provinces would have been ceded under conditions.

Woman Shoots Self While Family Sleeps

While her husband and two children were asleep, Mrs. Bland C. McCleary, 29 years old, awakened early today, procured a revolver and shot and seriously wounded herself in her apartment, 1809 Seventeenth street, northwest. She obtained the weapon from the room of Policeman Walter Clark, of the Third precinct, who rooms at the apartment.

Mrs. McCleary had been ill for the last two weeks. She was hurried to Emergency hospital by her sister, Mrs. H. R. Mills, of the same address, and Mrs. O. A. Damschker, 2008 Sixteenth street, northwest. Dr. J. Ball, of the hospital, said the bullet entered above the heart and came out of the left armpit. Her husband is employed in the transportation division of the Navy Department.

\$5,080,000 Is Voted For Army Barracks

(By the Associated Press.)

Appropriations of \$5,080,000 for new barracks at various military posts, recommended by the War Department, would be authorized under a bill passed yesterday by the House and sent to the Senate.

200 DIE IN JALISCO; REVOLT IS SERIOUS, MEXICO ANNOUNCES

Reinforcements Rushed to Scene of Fighting Past Two Days.

ARCHBISHOP LEADER OF RISING, IS REPORT

Battles on in Several States; Rebellion Is Seen Making Headway in Durango.

Mexico City, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—More than 100 rebels have been killed by the federals in a battle near Tepatlitan, state of Jalisco. These casualties are in addition to the 100 reported yesterday by the war department.

This is the section where, according to dispatches to the war department, the Catholic archbishop, Francisco Orozco Jimenez, of Guadalajara, had personally taken the field at the head of a revolutionary army.

Catholic headquarters in Mexico City are without confirmation that the archbishop is fighting as leader of the rebels. There is fear that if true he is very likely to be killed.

Reinforcements on Way.

The Mexican war department today ordered federal reinforcements to en-

train for Jalisco after receiving reports indicating that the "Catholic rebellion" there had assumed more serious proportions.

The reports stated that Archbishop Jimenez was personally in the field at the head of a rebel army consisting of 500 men. A federal force was reported to have taken up a pursuit of the insurgents near Querandaro.

The war department announced that it had received dispatches saying that Archbishop Jimenez left Guadalajara a few days ago and took the field yesterday under the banner "Viva Cristo Rey," (Long live Christ the king).

The dispatches, although given out by the war department, tonight lacked official declaration of their truth, the government committing itself only to the statement that it had been informed that the archbishop was leading a rebel army and that it was rushing federal reinforcements.

Government troops and revolutionists are battling in several states, in addition to Jalisco, where, together with Durango, the rebellion appears to have made the most headway.

27 Rebels Killed.

Twenty-seven rebels, two officers, eleven soldiers and a policeman were killed when federal forces commanded by Gen. Ferreira, military commandant of the state of Jalisco, defeated rebel forces at Paredon, Loma Larga and Cuapaduro Friday night. Special dispatches describing these engagements say that Gen. Ferreira, heading a strong column, left Thursday from Guadalajara on the way to Tepatlitan, when he was notified that numerous rebels had laid siege to the town of Paredon, which was defended by a detachment of the Seventy-fourth regiment and the municipal police.

The rebels offered strong resistance at Paredon, being forced to retreat to Loma Larga and thence to Cuapaduro, where they finally were defeated. Gen. Ferreira resumed his march to Tepatlitan Saturday morning.

From Durango special dispatches report a battle has been going on since Saturday at San Bartolo between federal forces commanded by Gen. Lopez and a band of rebels under Tiro Currola and Damazo Barraza. Three hundred rebels are reported to be fighting desperately against 250 soldiers.

UNIQUE PAGEANTRY MARKS BAL BOHEME GIVEN BY ARTS CLUB

Guests Met by "Imps" and Led to Colorful Revue in "Inferno."

PRIZES ARE AWARDED FOR BEST COSTUMES

Many Boxholders Entertain at Dinner Preceding Fete at Willard.

The Bal Boheme, the annual costume ball, given under the auspices of the Arts club, was held last evening in the large ball room of the Willard hotel, attended by 1,700 persons. The originality of the costumes and the unique revue that was part of the evening's entertainment surpassed any of previous years.

Miss Marguerite De Porry, who was crowned "Dolly Varden," was awarded the prize for the most artistic costume. Miss Molly Weyman and Walter O'Bannon, as two Christmas trees, were adjudged the most original and Maj. and Mrs. Randolph Coyne, made up as Ellipinos, were chosen the most amusing.

The guests were met on the floor below the ballroom by a bevy of dancing imps, who escorted them into the "Inferno" of the ball room, a colorful replica of Dante's famous region. Flaming dances about the boxes and varied colored lights were reflected over the brilliant colors about the room.

Mrs. Maud Howell Smith, as a flame, was in charge of the presentations, made by Walter Beck, who as Mephisto presented each guest to the judges of costumes, who were Carl Melchers, J. Monroe Hewlett and Clifford Berryman. Carbed French justices of the law, in the conventional black with hats of red, they sat upon a dais of black velvet.

At 10 o'clock the floor committee entered in Russian costumes of white and black. They wore high black Russian boots and high Russian hats of shiny leather, topped with white feathers. They wore scarves of brilliant green held by a green jeweled brooch on one shoulder.

Following them came Miss Barbara Hight as Mistress Mary, with her garden of debutantes, including Miss Katharine Anway, Miss Helen F. Summy, Miss Louise Dail, Miss Adelaide Douglas, Miss Louise Fitzhugh, Miss Helen Watley, Miss Nancy Hamilton, Miss Frances Hopkins, Miss Harriet Huntress, Miss Georgiana Joyce, Miss Frances Smith, Miss Phillips, Miss Betty Riedale, Miss Olive Shubley, Miss Elizabeth Smith and Miss Harriet Stearns, Whitford. Each debutante was dressed as a different flower, in various colors, dresses with petals held together.

At 11 o'clock "La Reue d'Argent," an oriental dance, was given by the Carline McKinley dancers, under the direction of Miss McKinley. The dancers were Miss Alice Callan, Miss Mary Callaway, Miss Tace Etnan, Miss Martha Fisher, Miss Blaine Patterson, Miss Mary Schultz, Miss Edna Thompson, and Miss Nell Thorne, half of whom were dressed as men, in costumes of silver cloth, dyed in various colors. The costumes of the other dancers were hand dyed in brilliant shades varying from light to dark, each costume of a different color.

Wedding Procession Pageant, "La Fete Foraine" took place at 11:30, the first part, "Le Jour de Fete," depicting a French street scene, with French songs, students from the Ateliers and a wedding procession, even the cocher, who ran about the streets ineffectually trying to collect his fare.

Those taking part were: La Noce Anne Ives, J. S. Buxton, Jean and Mrs. H. K. Bush-Brown; Le Maire d'Arondissement, L. M. Lelensinger; Genardes, R. Gordon Dunthorne; Leut. Col. Francis B. Wheaton; Cocher, Conrad Young; Ouvriers, Leut. Col. J. O. Mauborgne, Theophilus Parsons, Apaches, Frederic William Wile, Gideon A. Lyon; Models et Types de Cartier, Gretchen Hood, Mrs. Paul Bleyden, Mrs. Walter Hilton, Mrs. R. Gordon Dunthorne, Mrs. C. H. Stratton, Mrs. Conrad Young, Edith Hoyt, Harriet Murray, Lillian Burke, Virginia Alderson, Mrs. J. A. Atchison, Mrs. James Barr, Mrs. J. Frank Staley; Elèves d'Ecole des Beaux Arts, Glenn Madison Brown, Joseph A. Atchison, William F. Summy, William A. Sweet, Curtis Baker, J. Frank Staley, Ralph Hight; Elèves de la Sorbonne, Paul Bleyden, Conrad Van Valkenburg, Earle Carbaugh, F. W. Southworth, C. H. Stratton, Earle Mil-

ler, W. I. Deming; Le Pompiere, Reverdy Rudd. "La Fete Foraine," which followed, depicted the traveling circus, players being: Le music, Edward E. Smith, Harry Angellio, Bob Carbaugh, James Barr; demons dansant, Les Miles, K. bouquet, Mrs. Henry J. Staley; le giraffe, Mortimer Clark, Robert Gates; bouffons, John D. Long, Denis O'Connell, Felix Mahony; le grand guignol, E. Joseph Offen, Judy; Maurice Jarvis, Punch, Cameron Burnside, including man; l'equestrienne, James Ols Porter, Chef de Rond; Cico, le Cheval; John O'Neil, equestrienne; Lieut. George Pence, Pantomime; Orme Libbey, Dr. Herman Janssen, Ben Cain, bouffons; l'homme fort, Eugene Weiss; le menage, Emily Reid Jones, la Calaisienne; Lynch Roper, la Musique; Keith Schwinley, Perche de Pavillon; Dorothy Trout, Mrs. Ben Cain, L. F. Hess, F. T. Villers, Robert Beckwith, les animaux.

The grand march followed at 12 o'clock and the prizes were awarded. Supper was served from 12 until 3 o'clock, though dancing continued through supper, and various diversions were given, including a pantomime, "Youth and Love," by the "Strolling Players," directed by Miss Emma L. Osterlander, Lulu G. Gardner, T. W. Harvey, Ivan Hewitt, Molly Lee, John Davenport, Long, Mariam McDaniell, Hechler and Mr. Clarke Tiller, taking part, and an apache dance by Miss Evelyn Davis and Mr. Ross Wheat.

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REV. C. M. BART DIES; ST. THERESA'S PASTOR

Long Was Leader for Civic Improvements in Anacostia Area.

FUNERAL ON THURSDAY

The Rev. Charles M. Bart, pastor of St. Theresa's Catholic church for more than 25 years and an outstanding worker for civic improvements in Anacostia, died in Providence hospital yesterday after an illness of six months.

Funeral services will be held Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, with Archbishop Michael J. Curley presiding. The archbishop will give the last absolution. The Rev. Edward A. Williams, pastor of St. Patrick's church, will read the prayer. The Rev. C. F. Thomas, of St. Patrick's church, will read the prayer. The Rev. C. F. Thomas, of St. Patrick's church, will read the prayer.

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MYSTERY ACCOUNT IN FORD TAX SUIT STILL CONCEALED

Congressman Who Opposed
\$9,000 Value of Stock in
1919 Appears in Record.

NEIGHBOR TAKES STAND TO TELL OF STOCK SALE

Horace R. Rackham, Original
Partner in Auto Concern,
Cites Reasons for Selling.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—The origin of the "mysterious money" which spurred the government to reopen the Ford stock tax investigation was hinted but not specified at today's second session of the \$30,000,000 suit against stockholders who sold out to Henry Ford in 1919.

"A congressman in 1922 submitted a suggestion to the commission on internal revenue that the \$9,489.34 set in 1919 as the stock's value when the income tax law went into effect, was too high. M. W. Thompson, of Thompson and Black, New York city tax specialists, in 1925 outlined to Secretary of the Treasury, Andrew Mellon, the method closely followed by the government in resetting the value at \$3,547.84 per share. Tax is asked on the difference between these sums. 'A congressman' was not further identified and Thompson's interest in the situation was not explained.

It was charged that the 1922 memorandum was submitted in an effort to get Henry Ford, who at that time was in a political fight with Truman H. Newberry, who later resigned from the Senate.

The source of the memorandum was shown by documents taken from government files during the noon recess after John W. Davis, chief counsel for the former stockholders had indicated that he and his associates were prepared to subpoena every member of the Treasury Department from Secretary Mellon down to get at the source and treatment in the department of the memorandum.

Neighbor Takes Stand.

Horace H. Rackham, an original stockholder, told a neighborly story of his sale of the stock to Henry Ford in 1919.

DIED

ALLEN—On Saturday, January 15, 1927, at his residence, 1024 M street northwest, MARY GRAY ALLEN, 80, in 10th year of illness.

BART—On Monday, January 17, 1927, at his residence, 1024 M street northwest, MARY GRAY ALLEN, 80, in 10th year of illness.

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Prince, 10, Is Awarded Order of Black Eagle

Potsdam, Germany, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Little Prince Burchard, son of Prince Oscar of Prussia, who celebrated his tenth birthday on Saturday, is now the possessor of the Order of the Black Eagle, conferred upon him as a present by his grandfather, the former Kaiser Wilhelm.

The order, which is the highest within the gift of Prussian kings, formerly was awarded only for pre-eminent services to the fatherland, such as the wartime achievements of President von Hindenburg. Holders of the decoration rank next to field marshals. Presentation of the order usually was accompanied by a kiss from the conferring sovereign, but in Prince Burchard's case it is understood the former crown prince acted in his father's place.

One of the liberal papers, telling of the birthday party, questions whether the young prince has a legal right to wear the decoration conferred by the deposed monarch.

He took no account of the stock's market value, he replied to questions by Joseph E. Davis, chief of appellant's counsel.

"I had no ambition to become a very rich man," he told the court somewhat correctly between Mr. Ford and me, my neighbor and me. I had figured out an amount that was all I cared to have or be responsible for."

Asked if he would have sold except in expectation that the 1919 valuation would hold, he returned a convinced, "No, sir."

He told of the alternate hopes and fears of the directors of the Ford Motor Co., while "one cloud," the Seiden patent suit, hung over the company. When Ford was declared not bound by the Seiden patents in 1921, the directors "felt jubilation and great glee," Mr. Rackham asserted.

Reviews Ford History.

Reciting Ford history, he told of a feeling of "great affection" for model T, the car on which Ford's success rested.

Mr. Rackham drew a picture of the Ford directors as confident in Henry Ford's policies, and accepting the 1919 valuation in checking taxes of former Ford stockholders in 1920.

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POLICEMAN TELLS OF DEATH THREATS IN MINISTER'S TRIAL

Assailant of Norris Proposed
to Start Graveyard, Wit-
ness Says in Court.

JUDGE BREAKS GAVEL IN ENFORCING ORDER

Array of Testimony Adduced
to Show Dexter E. Chipps
Was "Bad Man."

Austin, Tex., Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Dexter E. Chipps threatened in 1921 to "start a graveyard and put Dr. J. Frank Norris in the same grave" with a Fort Worth policeman, the policeman testified here today in Norris' murder trial.

This was but one of numerous threats made by Chipps against Dr. Norris, according to the testimony of a long line of witnesses who declared that Chipps was a bad man when drunk, but kind and courteous when sober.

According to the picture painted by the man who was slain by Norris in the pastor's Fort Worth church study last July, the gentleman on the same moments turned a gentleman into a fighting, quarrelsome and dangerous character who had many brushes with police, fought his friends and threatened his enemies.

It was as early as January, 1921, that Chipps expressed animus toward Dr. Norris, testified John Woodruff, Fort Worth policeman. The patrolman met Chipps on a winter night "arguing with some fellows on the street."

"He wanted to take me up and get me a drink," said Woodruff. "I told him he had the wrong fellow. He then asked if I knew what he was going to do."

"I'm going to start a graveyard and put Frank Norris and you in the same grave," I asked him who Norris was, and he said 'He's a damn preacher.'"

Habitual Drinker, Claim.

Woodruff said Chipps was an habitual drinker.

"The truth is you knew Chipps didn't mean a word of that graveyard statement, didn't you?" special Prosecutor McLean asked. The witness said he thought Chipps meant it. Woodruff told of four fights he had with Chipps.

Businessmen, bankers, barbers, policemen and fellow club members of Chipps, told the invariable story that he was just the opposite when sober. Many testified that Chipps was an habitual drinker and that during the last few weeks of his life he was drunk about "50 per cent of the time."

Witnesses were brought even from Lufkin, Tex., where Chipps lived 20 years ago, to tell that he was obstreperous, violent and a drunkard.

The day developed numerous wrangles among the many attorneys and half a dozen occasions the judge had to call them to his bench to straighten out the tangles. The judge's gavel broke under his impatient hammering for order, as the attorneys fought every point, and the packed courtroom grew restless.

**12 DEGREES BELOW
LOWEST IN MIDWEST**

Second Cold Wave Will Re-
new Downward Drive on
Mercury, Forecasters Say.

Chicago, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—A renewed cold wave was hastening upon the middle West tonight with a promise of snow, sleet and zero weather by morning. The intense cold will last until Tuesday night or Wednesday morning, said the weather forecasters, and it still will be cold Thursday.

Right back of that cold wave is another one, moving in from the Mackenzie river basin and already making itself felt in the border States of the Northwest.

In the Southwest a cold wave warning was issued with a forecast of temperatures of from 5 to 10 degrees above zero accompanied by a light snow, beginning tonight. Through moderating temperatures gave a respite to most of the middle West. Through train service was better than for a week past.

In Chicago the warmer weather brought great relief to hundreds of poor families caught with insufficient coal, but charitable organizations prepared for a new rush of calls for help tomorrow.

Several Canadian stations reported subzero temperatures, but the coldest was the coldest place in the United States with minus 12.

**Thirty-Day Stay
Awarded to Carroll**

New York, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—A 30-day stay in the execution of the sentence which requires Earl Carroll, the electrical producer, to serve a year and a day for perjury in Atlanta penitentiary, was granted by the United States circuit court of appeals today.

Carroll was convicted of swearing falsely before two grand juries that Joyce Hawley, a show girl, had not occupied a bath tub on the stage of the theater at a party last year. He lost his first appeal, and the stay today was granted so that his attorneys might prepare papers to bring the case before the United States Supreme Court.

**Bank Bandit Shot,
Another Captured**

Joplin, Mo., Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—One alleged bank bandit was shot and seriously wounded and another was captured in a gun fight with Joplin police following an attempt early today by a band of four or five robbers to haul away a safe from the First National Bank of Jasper, Mo., near here. The others escaped.

The captured bandit was identified at police headquarters as Roy Terrill, of South Coffeyville, Kan., alleged notorious bank robber and escaped convict who had been sought by Kansas, Missouri and Arkansas authorities. Terrill admitted his identity and told police the wounded man is Roy Stalcup, of Webb City, Mo.

Smiles at His Sentence.

Uniontown, Pa., Jan. 17 (By A. P.). Joseph M. Weisel, an automobile dealer, received a sentence for life imprisonment with a smile today. He was convicted of murdering his wife last July. Called into court, he said, "Good morning, judge," and continued smiling as the sentence was pronounced.

IN MEMORIAM

RICHARDSON—In loving memory of ELLEN (PHILIPS) RICHARDSON, who died January 18, 1927.

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Ford's School Closed First Day by Epidemic

Sudbury, Mass., Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Scarlet fever tonight closed Henry Ford's famed schoolhouse here after one day's session. The Sudbury board of health ordered school suspended at least until the end of the week owing to an outbreak of the fever in this town.

Mary's little lamb today came back to the school, which is fashioned after that which Mary Sawyer and her pet made famous.

Mr. Ford, who had come from Detroit especially to attend the school opening, sat in for a time during the forenoon classes. Then at recess he returned to the school with a full-grown sheep from his estate. It made the children laugh and play, but their merriment was confined to the school lawn this time.

The building is a faithful reproduction of that in which Mary Sawyer learned her three R's 100 years ago and contains many objects from the old schoolhouse.

**AMERICANS BEATEN
BY FOCHOW MOBS**

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

ence in yesterday's disturbances, are missionaries of the American board of Christian missions for foreign missions. A cablegram to the board was from Dr. Willard L. Beard, president of Fochow college, and said:

"All are safe in Fochow. Robbery has occurred at our station, but not much was taken in Fochow. Full particulars will be mailed as soon as possible."

Peking, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Messages from foreign sources in Fochow today indicate that agitation something akin to that in the Boxer uprising is being resorted to there.

A story that foreigners there were killing Chinese babies, which served to arouse the Chinese 26 years ago, is being revived. A rumor was circulated that the message said that Spanish nuns in Fochow had murdered Chinese children and about twenty bodies of babies were produced, alleged to have been brought out of the nunnery in a decomposed condition.

The Chinese attack yesterday on the church premises there, causing priests and nuns to flee in disguise.

**SENATE BODY VOTES
FUNDS FOR CRUISERS**

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

tells us formally that they have got to go out of the shipbuilding business."

"My point is that in discussing the desirability of naval construction we should take into account the fact that the number of ship yards remaining in the United States is so small that the construction of a new shipyard would be a very costly proposition."

It is true, of course, that the men who are employed in these yards are getting employment elsewhere and that they are not needing this work and are prosperous, but it is also true that the yards are not producing ships and that the government in its yards build the ships that the private concerns have been building," asked Senator Hale (Republican), Maine.

"We could not build them in the time in which the ships would be built if we used both our own and private yards," said Mr. Wilbur. "Our only hope is that we can maintain in our yards an organization capable of laying down and building these ships and that we hope and expect to do. But the amount of building that would be required to replace the navy in twenty years can not be done in our navy yards."

Besides providing for beginning work on the three additional cruisers, the committee approved an enlisted personnel for the navy of 84,000 men, 1,500 more than the House proposed, and an additional \$2,146,000 for naval aviation so as to carry out the five-year building program.

In all, the committee added \$5,267,146 to the House bill, making the total \$320,020,534.

**Cigar Store Magnate
Joins Huyler Firm**

CROUP
Spasmodic Croup is frequently
relieved by one application of
VICKS
VAPORUB
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly



BUY FROM
R. L. TAYLOR MOTOR CO.
14th St. at T North 9600
QUALITY AT LOW COST



\$3.50 Philadelphia
\$3.25 Chester
\$3.00 Wilmington
And Return

Sunday, Jan. 23
Similar Excursion
February 6
SPECIAL TRAIN
Lv. Washington... 7:20 a. m.
Standard Time
Returning
Lv. Philadelphia... 7:20 p. m.
Lv. Chester... 7:50 p. m.
Lv. Wilmington... 8:10 p. m.
Consult Ticket Agents
Baltimore & Ohio R. R.

NOT for a moment
would you allow
one word reflecting on
the high standing of
your firm to enter one
of your letters.
Brewood-Engraved
Business Stationery
is the worth-expressing
medium that gives our
letter additional character—that says, of its
proud of our house." own accord, "we are

BREWOD
Stationers and Engravers
611 Twelfth Street
Main 1888

Boulevard Apartments
No. 2121 New York Ave. N.W.
Phone Main 6850
Ready for Occupancy
One, Two, Three and Four Rooms—All Housekeeping
Rentals, \$55.50 to \$115.00
Real kitchen, completely equipped, with
refrigerator, bath with real shower.
Large closets, soundproof walls and doors.
Before you rent an apartment in the vicinity of the Boulevard we
invite your inspection of our Apartments. Compare them with
what is offered elsewhere. The biggest values are in the BOULE-
VARD APARTMENTS. Never before have the people of Washington
been offered such rental values.
These apartments are being rented rapidly. Make your reservation
NOW. When the weather comes you and your family
will be at the very gateway of Washington's playgrounds.
Resident Manager
Boulevard Apartment Company
Wm. Frank Tyson, Sec.-Treas.
738 Investment Bldg. Main 1580

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For over forty years
BRENTANO'S
have maintained a book store in
Washington. A friendly place where
all manner of people could purchase
all manner of books.
TODAY JANUARY 18th
1322 F Street
(Telephone Main 861)
becomes an important address for you
to remember when thinking of books.

TODAY OUR NEW STORE
INVITES YOUR ATTENTION
Everything is new, charming and
most attractive, from fixtures to books,
only **OUR SERVICE** remains the
same—tried, true, and experienced.
We have things of very special in-
terest to you in this our new home.
BRENTANO'S
Booksellers to the World
1322 F Street
WASHINGTON

INCREASED SALARIES TO BE GOVERNMENT POLICY DURING YEAR

Will Seek to Retain Officials
in \$5,000 to \$10,000
Class.

MORE HIGHLY PAID
JOB TO BE PROVIDED

Scientists, Famous in Work,
Labor for Low Wage,
Writer Says.

By WILLIAM P. HELM, Jr.
More money for the executives who
direct Uncle Sam's affairs has been
adopted as the Federal government's
policy during the coming fiscal year.
Men to all properly the jobs at from
\$5,000 to \$10,000 a year are scarce, and
the government has difficulty in hold-
ing onto them once it has obtained
their services. Small fry are a glut on
the labor market, but the men in the
higher salary brackets hardly warm
their chairs, in scores of cases, before
they are lured away from Federal em-
ployment by glittering offers from private
concerns.

Within its limitations the govern-
ment is preparing to make Federal em-
ployment more attractive to this class
of workers. Further, it is committed
to the policy of increasing the number
of \$5,000-and-more jobs as a study of
the budget bureau's outline of Federal
employment for the coming fiscal year,
as compared with the past fiscal year
of 1926, discloses.

In addition, the government is veer-
ing more to the scientific and profes-
sional employee and is attempting to
make Federal service more attractive to
men who can meet its requirements in
that classification.

At the top of the list of professional
and scientific workers last year was a
group of 32 employees who received from
\$7,500 to \$10,000 apiece, the average be-
ing a trifle more than \$8,000 a year.
The new policy is demonstrated by the program for the
coming fiscal year which contemplates
increasing the number of these highly
paid jobs from 32 to 38 and increasing
the average salary from \$8,000 to more
than \$9,100 a year.

Average Salary \$5,500.
Just below this group were 523
workers who received from \$5,000 to
\$7,000 each last year, their average sal-
ary being \$5,500. Scores of employees
with incomes near the \$5,000 average
left the government service for private
employment during the year. The record
shows that there were 448 jobs in the
scientific and professional service that
paid from \$5,000 to \$6,000 in 1926 and
that resignations were more frequent
than in the lower salary classifications.

Next year the number of such places
will be increased to 518, or by 70, a
figure which means that every six
employees at that salary in 1926 there
will be seven during the fiscal year be-
ginning July 1 next. The average
salary also will be raised somewhat for
this group, from \$5,398 to \$5,406.

In the foregoing groups are included
unpaid scientists and other employees
whose research is known, in their cir-
cles, the world over. Some of the

DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE.
Senate met at 12 o'clock January 17
and adjourned at 4:45 p. m. until 12
o'clock January 18.
Senator Reed, of Missouri, read into
the record decision of Supreme Court
that Mal Dougherty should answer
subpoena of investigation.
Revised bill for disposal of Muscle
Shoals, differing only in detail from
original bill, offered by Senator Ernst,
of Kentucky.
Considered Lausanne treaty in execu-
tive session.
William Burgess told special in-
vestigating committee that tariff com-
mission's investigation of effort sought
to discredit Presidents Harding and
Coolidge.
Appropriations committee reinserted
provision for construction of three light
cruisers in army bill.

HOUSE.
Met at 12 o'clock January 17 and ad-
journed at 4:40 o'clock until 12 o'clock
January 18.
Considered bills on unanimous con-
sent calendar.
Ways and means committee approved
bill to permit parcel post shipments of
cigars from Cuba.
Received recommendations for more
than 200 public buildings.

Scientists on the Federal pay rolls are
eminent men in their fields, respected
for their brilliant work not only
throughout America but the world.
These same men, in some instances,
are working for salaries which make it
difficult for them and their families to
achieve any degree of financial security
or enjoy even modest luxuries.
The largest proportionate increase in
numbers will be made in the case of
the group of scientific and professional
workers enjoying an income of from
\$8,000 to \$9,000 a year. Their numbers
will increase from 324 last year to
1,415, or more than 50 per cent. In
the group immediately following—
those receiving from \$5,000 to \$8,000—
the increase in numbers will be from
1,175 to 1,321. For these two
groups the increase in numbers will
total more than 700, or about one-third
more than the 1926 figure.

Average salaries of the workers in
these groups, however, will fall below
the 1926 figure of \$8,910, to a shade
less than \$8,500. This does not mean
that any workers within the group will
find their income cut, but it does mean
that the new employees to be added will
come in at figures which will bring
down the average for the entire group
by more than \$400. However, the total
pay roll for the two groups will be
about \$1,200,000 more than it was last
year.

Considering all the foregoing groups
the government's force of scientific and
professional workers will be increased
from 1,219 in 1926 to 3,404 during the
fiscal year beginning July 1 next.

For every three workers within the
classification last year there will be four
during the coming year.

Year's Total \$17,300,000.
Scientific and professional employees
in the lower grades, receiving from
\$1,800 to \$2,400 a year, also will be in-
creased in number from 1,634 to 1,701,
and the total Federal pay roll for sci-
entific and professional services in
Washington will swing upward from
\$18,400,000 in 1926, to \$17,300,000 dur-
ing the coming fiscal year.

To less extent this trend is observ-
able in the case of the clerical, admin-
istrative and fiscal service. The
average salary in that group, among
the 247 employees receiving \$5,000 or
more annually, was \$6,800 in 1926. Dur-
ing the coming fiscal year the average
salary will be \$6,915 and will apply to
282 employees.

Because of the heavy reduction in
the force of clerks receiving less than
\$2,000 a year and the employment of
clerks at relatively low salaries, inci-
dental to the normal turnover, the
average government salary for workers
employed in Washington will show but
a relatively small increase over that for
last year. The figures are: For 1926,
\$1,800; for the coming fiscal year,
\$1,819. During the present fiscal year
(subject to revision at the close of the
year) the average Federal salary at
Washington is estimated by the budget
bureau at \$1,826. This includes all em-
ployees, from the \$10,000 executive to
the \$90 a month clerk.

**BRUCE, IN FILIBUSTER,
BLOCKS 92 MEASURES**

Own Prohibition Bills Included
in List Tied Up in Senate

Two Hours.
(By the Associated Press.)
A practical demonstration of how the
Senate rules permit a one-man filibuster
was given by Vice President Dawes yester-
day by Senator Bruce (Democrat).
Mr. Bruce, in his speech, demanded con-
sideration of the bill to settle the
more than century old French spoliation
claims, the Maryland senator block-
ed consideration of no less than 92 bills,
including a number of his own measures
looking to modification of the prohibi-
tion laws. He tied up Senate business
for nearly two hours, while the clerk
read fourteen pages of the Senate cal-
endar, being considered under the
unanimous consent rule.

"I object," he said stoically as each
measure was called up. Senators got
some laughs out of the situation when
his objection ran to his own wet
measures.

Remaining adamant in the face of
pleas from leaders on both sides, Sen-
ator Bruce also blocked all speeches
save one by Senator McNary (Republi-
can, Oregon, on forest taxation, and had
the legislative machinery in a jam until
the Senate went into executive session to
consider the Lausanne treaty.

**Churchill Is Caller
On King of Italy**

Rome, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Winston
Churchill, British chancellor of the ex-
chequer, and King Victor Emmanuel to-
day discussed various subjects of mu-
tual interest to the two countries, and
then Mr. Churchill called at the min-
istry of finance, where he had a cordial
interview with Count Volpi.
The chancellor congratulated the Ital-
ian finance minister on his splendid
achievement in floating an internal
loan, which surpassed the government's
expectations.

The tribuna says that the loan will
exceed largely 2,000,000,000 lire, the
subscribers comprising all classes.

Now!
Do this for that
COLD
Colds can be ended in a day.
They can be prevented by taking
the right help at the start. Millions
of people have proved that.
The way is HILL'S—a prescrip-
tion which cures colds, coughs and
croup. It is quick, efficient and
complete. It stops the cold, checks
the fever, opens the bowels and
tones the entire system. It is such
an ideal method that we paid \$1-
000,000 for it.
Colds rarely develop if HILL'S is
on hand to check them at the start.
They stop quickly when HILL'S is
taken later. Find this out and you
will never use a lesser help for
colds.

SMITH WILL ARRIVE TODAY TO PRESENT PAPERS TO SENATE

Illinois Appointee Held Likely
to Delay Appearance Un-
til Tomorrow.

**CONFUSION APPARENTLY
SURROUNDS PROCEDURE**

Believe Fight for Seat Will
Be Made in Three
Stages.

By NORMAN W. BAXTER.

Frank L. Smith, senator-designate
from Illinois, will ask the Senate either
today or tomorrow—with the probabili-
ties pointing to the later date—to de-
termine whether he is a fit person to
take a seat in that body and, if not,
to point out the place and manner of his
exit.
The appointee of Gov. Len Small for
the unexpired term of the late Senator
William B. McKinley will arrive in the
capital at 9 o'clock this morning, ac-
cording to the committee on elections.
Senate opinion appeared yesterday to
be as much confused as Smith un-
doubtedly is regarding the procedure
to be followed. There are three known
courses that can and will be offered
when his credentials are presented by
Senator Charles S. Deneen, of Illinois.
These are:

The Dill resolution refusing to ac-
cept the credentials. Support of this
motion would settle the matter at once
adversely to Smith.

The Ashurst resolution denying
Smith the right to take the oath and
referring his case for investigation to
the "stake fund" committee,
which developed the fact that Samuel
Hull had contributed \$125,000 to the
Smith campaign fund.

Would Give Case to Committee.
The Curtis, or Republican plan, which
would allow Smith to take the oath
and refer his case to the committee on
privileges and elections for considera-
tion. This proposal may be broadened
to specify the time allowed for com-
mittee consideration. If there is much
opposition, all features of this move-
ment may be abandoned except the ef-
fort to have the regular standing com-
mittee of the Senate infer from the
special Reed committee handle the
matter.

There are in addition all sorts of pri-
vate and individual ideas on the way
in which the case should be disposed
of by the Senate. It is impossible to get
a definite word on the subject, but the
Senate will vote on the various
moves that will make up the ultimate
decision. The case will be handled, it
is thought, as the best method of pro-
cedure.

In its broadest sense, the fight will
be in three stages. The first will be an
effort to have the oath administered.
Senator George Moses, of New Hamp-
shire, and others of the regular Republi-
can school intend to use every weapon
at their command in an attempt to
prevent the swearing in of Smith.
The second engagement involves
referring the case to the committee on
privileges and elections, which will draw
slightly more strength at this point
than in their first endeavor, despite
the fact that there are no precedents
to letting the Reed committee take
up the Pennsylvania contest.

Old Guard Wants Speed.

The third and final test will come
on the vote to seat or deny Smith his
senatorial rights. If there is any wav-
ering on this point it will be on the
Democratic side, where a distinction
now is being made in the minds
of some members between Smith's
rights on the basis of a gubernatorial
certificate and those that he will have
on his certificate of election.

In its minor stages the fight will
deal with any proposed time limit on
committee consideration and debate on
the floor of the Senate. There is gen-
eral opposition to any curtailment of
debate, but the opponents of a speedy
report from the committee do not ap-
pear to be so numerous.

One of the last proposals placed
privately before the Senate was to have
the matter go to the committee on
privileges and elections and not have
it reported out until just prior to the
close of the session March 4. This
apparently was blocked by some of
the "old guard" leaders who insisted
on having the fight over with as speed-
ily as possible.

It was evident yesterday following
the announcement that Smith was
definitely on his way here that some
members of the Senate were beginning
to regard the question in a slightly
different light than when they were
not convinced that Smith would ap-
pear and hoped by their very words to
keep him away.

May Wait Day.
There was still no denial of the state-
ment often made that he would not be
allowed to take his seat ultimately, but
there were indications the Senate de-
sired to proceed in a somewhat more
dignified and orderly manner than
previously. What this sentiment would
bring about any change in the pre-
vious understanding of Senate opin-
ion—that he would be denied both the
oath and his seat—did not develop, but
the statements of those men who would
discuss the case varied greatly on its
different phases and gave some evi-
dence of indecision.

**PHILIPPINE BANK
DIRECTORS REMOVED**

Manila, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Three
members of the board of directors of
the Philippine National Bank were
ousted from office today by Gov-
ernor General Wood at a meeting
of the stockholders. The ousted
directors had been appointed by
Senator Quezon and Representative
Roxas, ex-officio members of the
one-time board of control which Gen.
Wood abolished by executive order.
Quezon, Roxas and Wood composed the
original board. The two Filipino leg-
islators were recognized to recognize
the abolition order and continued func-
tioning as the majority of the board.
Wood also assumed the duties of
the board, and the question of which
factor is the legal one is now up to the
courts.

Governor General Wood, voting the
stock of the United States government,
which controls the bank, named three
directors to replace those he had re-
moved and also appointed a fourth to
fill a vacancy.

Gen. Wood called the meeting of the
board several days ago to furnish an
account of the bank's affairs and to
order test case by which the legality of
his executive order is to be determined.

Will Rogers Visits Tennessee; Fears His City Is a Zoo

Special to The Washington Post.
Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 17.—The
supreme court of Tennessee down
here has just ruled that you other
States can come from wherever you
or whatever you want to, but they want
it on record that they come from
mud only.
Darwin's living illustration, the
mayor of what we think is a town,
but it may be a zoo.
WILL ROGERS.

APPEAL HALTS SENATE VARE BALLOT SURVEY

Supreme Court of Pennsyl-
vania Will Pass on Demand
for Vote Data.

AUTHORITY IS QUESTIONED

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 17 (By A. P.).
Unexpected opposition to allowing the
Senate committee investigating the
Vare-Wilson senatorial election contest
to take the 2,000 ballot boxes in Phila-
delphia to Washington for examination,
developed here today.

Just as a common pleas court judge
was about to grant authority for the
removal of the boxes, an election of-
ficer in the tenth division of the fourth
ward, through his attorney, raised ob-
jection. The protest was overruled, an
exception taken and late in the day an
appeal was filed in the State supreme
court. Argument will be heard tomor-
row morning on the issue of granting a
supersedeas pending the outcome of the
appeal.

Meanwhile counsel for the custodian
of the boxes agreed to do nothing pend-
ing the acting of supreme court to-
morrow.

Mayor Kendrick and John M. Scott,
prothonotary of the common pleas
courts, jointly hold the keys.
The boxes in Philadelphia were sub-
poenaed by the committee of which Sen-
ator Reed, Missouri, is chairman, after
William B. Wilson, Secretary of La-
bor in the Wilson administration, was
Democratic candidate for senator, filed
notice of a contest against the seating
of William S. Vare, Republican, who
was elected on that ground.

Ballot boxes from Pittsburgh and 139
other election districts will also be
subpoenaed by the committee.
Mayor Kendrick and Prothonotary
Scott showed willingness to cooperate
with the Senate committee in its in-
vestigation, and readily signed the peti-
tion asking authority to turn over the
boxes.

Judge Howard A. Davis, of common
pleas court, was about to issue the au-
thority when M. B. Elwart, attorney for
Joseph C. Clegg, judge of election in the
tenth ward, intervened and was re-
fused. Elwart occupied law offices
with State Senator Samuel W. Salus,
a leader in the Fourth ward and
president pro tem of the State sen-
ate.

**KELLOGG'S CHARGE -
DENIED AT MOSCOW**

Litvinoff, After Five Days' De-
liberation, Declares Argu-
ments Are Fantastic.

Moscow, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—The
soviet government, through Acting For-
eign Minister Maxim Litvinoff, today
issued a flat denial of charges made by
Secretary of State Kellogg recently that
it regarded Latin America and particu-
larly Mexico as a base for communist
activity against the United States.
After five days of deliberation and
consultation with his colleagues at the
foreign office, M. Litvinoff, who is ac-
tually acting as foreign minister in the
absence of M. Tchitcherine, now in France
for his health, issued a statement charac-
terizing as "fantastic and ridiculous"
the imputations made by the American
Secretary of State on January 12.

Interpreting the Secretary's state-
ment as implying that it was com-
munist plots and intrigues in Nicara-
gua and Mexico that led to interven-
tion in Nicaragua by the American
navy, the soviet official declared it
was as reasonable and logical to
attribute floods in the United States or
earthquakes in Japan to such "in-
trigues."



Young Ideas

"Buttermilk to whiten the skin
was all right in Grandmother's
day, but I much prefer the modern
Black and White Beauty Cream,"
says attractive Miss Kathryn
O'Rourke, 518 Summit Ave., Jersey
City, N. J. "This greaseless, flesh-
colored cream, which is dainty and
easy to use, removes freckles and
tan so quickly and safely, and keeps
my skin so soft, clear and fair, I
couldn't get along without it! I
never miss a chance to tell other
girls how effective Black and White
Beauty Cream is."

You can have an exquisite com-
plexion, free from any trace of dis-
coloration, by using this delightful
cream, which you can get in gener-
ous 50c jars from any of the 80,000
dealers who are recommending and
selling the famous Black and White
Creations to discriminating women
everywhere.

If your dealer doesn't have the
Black and White Beauty Creams
you want, send his name to
Flourish Dept., 22, Memphis, Tenn.,
and you will receive FREE a copy
of the Big and Beautiful Black and
White Creations, containing many interesting
things about beauty, dreams and
fortune telling.

**BLACK AND WHITE
Beauty Creations**
OVER
A MILLION USED YEARLY

TAFT SAYS STATES MUST CURB CRIME AND LAWLESSNESS

Chief Justice, in Interview,
Holds Serious Situation Justi-
fies Breaking Silence.

**URGES STATE CONTROL
OF ALL PROSECUTIONS**

Parols Abused, Convicts Are
Treated Too "Softly,"
He Declares.

(By the Associated Press.)

Chief Justice Taft, in an interview
with Oliver P. Newman in the current
issue of Collier's Weekly, lays the duty
of curbing crime and lawlessness at the
doors of the State legislatures and ad-
vocates many far-reaching reforms of
judicial procedure to cope with the
crime wave.

The Chief Justice, his interviewer
says, feels that the seriousness of the
crime situation and the need of action
justify him in departing from the tra-
dition of silence which attaches to the
office of Chief Justice of the United
States.

Chief Justice Taft, according to the
interview, favors the abolition of grand
juries as well as police court juries,
and for the former would substitute a
system of informations by prosecuting
attorneys founded on investigation.

He would have these officials in each
county under the control of the State
attorney general and in turn have the
State departments of justice coordinate
the activities of all police officers of the
State. Each State, the Chief Justice
thinks, should have a State detective
service and a State constabulary.

"The State governments," the Chief
Justice is quoted as saying, "have largely
avoided effort and expense in the
initial arrest and prosecution of crime
up to this time. They ought now to
assume a duty in this regard."

While constitutional rights of defend-
ants should be preserved, the Chief
Justice is quoted as favoring greater
freedom for judges in advising with
and instructing juries without danger
of having that made grounds for re-
versal.

For reducing the law's delays he fa-
vors greater liberality in introduction
of evidence and greater discretion on
its admissibility so that new trials
might not be granted on that ground.
In criminal cases, one appeal, under
ordinary circumstances the Chief Jus-
tice believes sufficient, and for prompt
trials he advocates more justices.

Paroles, Mr. Taft believes, have been
abused and should be granted with
greater care and he attacks "soft"
treatment for convicts. On that point
his interviewer quotes the Chief Jus-
tice as saying:

"We ought to give criminals who are
confined for years a place where they
may live in a wholesome way, but we
ought not to make our prisons a refu-
ge whereby through entertainments
and efforts to reconcile prisoners to
their confinement we give them the
impression that they are the guests of
the people instead of persons under
severe discipline for punishment. The
first object of the punishment of crime
is to deter others."

**Jewish Meeting Says
Wine Is Unnecessary**

Cleveland, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Sacer-
mental wine was held unnecessary for
the observance of Jewish holy days, and
the support of reform Judaism in the
entirement of law was pledged before
the convention of the Union of Ameri-
can Hebrew Congregations and allied
organizations here today.

When you want to drive a good used
car and drive a good bargain, watch
the offers in the Post's Classified Section.

Makes good food Taste Even Better

It takes mighty good Ketchup to
improve good food. That's why
most folks insist on Heinz
Ketchup. It is as good as Ketch-
up can be.

It is made in immaculate
kitchens, of specially Heinz-
grown tomatoes boiled down
until only their rich, full-flavored
essence remains—combined with
pure granulated sugar and skill-
fully spiced to a tempting pi-
quancy.

Millions use Heinz Ketchup
to make good food taste better.

**HEINZ
TOMATO
KETCHUP**
57

Other varieties—
HEINZ CREAM OF TOMATO SOUP • HEINZ OVEN-BAKED BEANS
HEINZ COOKED SPAGHETTI HEINZ RICH FLAKES

The taste is the test

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CHRISTMAS
SAVINGS CLUB**
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Geo. B.

Grandmother Knew

there was nothing so good for congestion and colds as mustard. But the old-fashioned mustard plaster burned and blistered.

Musterole gives the relief and help that mustard plasters gave, without the plaster and without the blister.

It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. Gently rub it in. See how quickly the pain disappears.

Try Musterole for sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back of joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frostbites, colds of the chest (it may prevent pneumonia).



Better than a mustard plaster

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Vermont Ave. at K and 15th St.
Telephone Main 6550

CAIRO HOTEL
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Telephone North 2106

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Corner 15th and M Streets
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Telephone Cleveland 2481



Itching skin
Relieved within an hour

One who has used Resinol Ointment writes: "Resinol is so soothing it stopped my itching at once and I got the first night's sleep I had had in weeks. Now my skin is well. What it has done for me, it can do for others. Why don't you try this comforting, healing ointment and save yourself hours of torture? Resinol soothes as it heals."

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Let us send you a free sample, each of Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. Write Dept. 68, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.



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Or recognized Tourist or Travel Agents

ITALIAN CONSULATE
IN NEW YORK BOMBED

Two Painters Held by Police After Confession Reveals Anti-Mussolini Gesture.

New York, Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Two house painters, Meyer Schumyatsky, alias Smith, and Rubin Taer, were held without bail today for hearing Thursday, accused of bombing the Italian consulate this morning as a "gesture of disapproval" of Premier Mussolini's labor attitude. Schumyatsky is said to have confessed.

Police say he told them that he was given the bomb and that he threw it as a gesture of disapproval of Mussolini and his appointees and as a protest against Mussolini's attitude toward labor and particularly toward painters. Taer denied participation in the bombing, although he admitted having breakfasted with Schumyatsky near the consulate building a few minutes before the bomb throwing.

No one was injured, although considerable damage was done to the consulate building and to the building next door, housing the headquarters of the New York joint board of furriers unions, the "left wing" organization of the furriers workers.

STOMACH UPSET

Get at the real cause. That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to patch up a poor digestion, they are attacking the real cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions, away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

Have you a bad taste, coated tongue, poor appetite, a lazy, don't-care feeling, no ambition or energy, trouble with undigested foods? Take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. Know them by their olive color. They do the work without griping, cramps or pain. All Druggists.

Take 1 or 2 at bedtime for quick relief. Eat what you like, 15c, 30c, 60c—Adv.

STUDEBAKER

Just Drive It

Discovers a New History

Robert Emmet Sherwood

Finds Something to Write Home in the Life of Hannibal, Cartagenaian Conqueror. Jane Cowl Starred.

William A. Brady, Jr., and Dwight Dore Winant present "Cradle Snatchers," a new comedy by Robert Emmet Sherwood, staged by Lester Longman. Settings designed by Lee S. Simonson.

THE CAST.
Various: Fairfax Burgher, Meta, Jesse Cary, Fabia, Ritchie Liss, Amytis, Jane Cowl, Ralph, Charles, Mary, George, William, Randall, Cato, William Pearce, Iroussa, William B. Randall, Serotius, Lionel Hogarth, Thrillius, Alfred Webster, Sergeant, Jack McGraw, Corporal, Ben Ladd, First guard, Gerald O'Brien, Second guard, Willard Joy, Fourth guard, John McNulty, Thotome, Louis Hogarth, Hannibal, Louis Hogarth, Hannibal, Philip Merivale.

In his research work, Robert Emmet Sherwood found many historical analogies to present day life. These he has woven into one of the finest satires staged since Shaw himself took to the task of playwriting.

From time immemorial, Hannibal has been the outstanding military hero of history books. Rated as the greatest soldier of his time, in his life was background for one who wanted to write of remote Romans and conquering Cartagenians, drawing symbolic underlines suggestive of something akin to life as it is lived even today upon the Isle of Manhattan and outlying districts—a Roman punch that floors the American Caesar.

Emmett Sherwood has done in his play, a work that brings back a Washington favorite, Jane Cowl, in the role of a sweet bit of femininity who cajoles Hannibal into his first retreat.

Historians may have wondered why it was Hannibal in all his glory failed to accomplish his big objective. Sherwood lets loose the story. In the telling of it he has recourse to a fine flair for comedy, a superb sense of humor, wit, and a daring not often equaled by many of his predecessors.

Aside from a stupendous study in sophistication, Sherwood takes liberties even with the patience of an audience and mulls over lines and situations so cleverly handled that no one ever dreams of walking out on them; though the processes of unfolding are undeniably long. These, however may be easily remedied.

In staid old Rome were husbands who bored their wives to tears. One of them was Fabius Maximus, a senator whose power of oratory in the forum rose him to the rank of dictator—at the very moment when Hannibal and his cohorts were clamoring at the gates of the city. The senator's wife, Amytis, with death and desolation at hand, is sent to her mother for protection, but decides to make a side excursion into the tented

city of Hannibal. What happens there is a new version of history, sponsored by Robert Emmet Sherwood in the same manner that other sidelights on celebrated characters have been set forth in novel form within recent memory.

There is Shavian sarcasm shot through this script until it fairly flies over the footlights—and some of the finest morsels are handed to Miss Jane Cowl, splendid in her enactment of a role ripe and rich as anything she ever essayed in a career crowded with success.

A dry subject at best, history would certainly be the most interesting study in all the curriculum were it unfolded in college classrooms as Robert Emmet Sherwood presents it on stage—with a cast such as that found in support of Miss Cowl, lines that reek with clean-cut comedy, a high and rollickous ridiculousness sweeping through the superstructure, a flap or two of flippancy, and an abandon that brooks no misinterpretation. The man merely went out to create a Roman holiday at the expense of fellow Americans—and he succeeds. How he scores.

A glimpse of this pseudo-seriousness, the spectator settles back in his chair and wonders: "So this is Rome!"
JOHN J. DALY.

CANADA'S PREMIER HAILS YOUNG FEAT IN CATALINA SWIM

Mad Bull Drove Boy to Water, Mother Says, and He Has Remained There.

HIS TRAINER WILL GET PORTION OF THE PRIZE

Man Who Bore Expenses Has Contract Calling for 40 Per Cent of Purse.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Canada expressed its official pleasure at the feat of George Young, winner of the Catalina swim, in telegrams today from Premier W. L. McKenzie King to the youthful swimmer and his mother.

To the youth, recuperating at Santa Monica, Calif., the premier spoke of Canada's pride in the honor you have brought to our country. To the mother, Mrs. Jean Young, at Toronto, he sent congratulations "on your boy's great achievement."

Driven to Water by Bull.
Toronto, Ont., Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—It may have been a \$25,000 prize that urged George Young to victory in the Catalina swimming marathon against a field of more than 100 men and women, and then again it may have been the thought of a maddened bull's hot breath on the back of his neck.

Mrs. Jean Young, the youthful swimmer's mother, told today of her son's first departure from dry land. He was 8 years old at the time, she recalled, and was walking with her when a bull near a creek. Suddenly the bull shouted, "Here's a bull!"

"George ran right into the water," Mrs. Young laughed, "and he's stayed there ever since."

"The mother said she did not think the boy would 'get his head turned at all' by his success, because 'he is a good boy and I have talked to him a lot about the world.'"

Splits Prize With Trainer.
Young will split his purse of \$25,000 on a 50-50 basis with the man who paid his training and other expenses, it was revealed today.

Henry O'Byrne, of Toronto, it was learned, agreed to pay Young's expenses and drew up a contract that gave him 40 per cent of the purse. The contract was signed by Young's mother. O'Byrne would have got nothing if Young lost, but can claim \$10,000 of the \$25,000 Young won.

Many Display Games.
Wilmington, Calif., Jan. 17 (By A. P.).—Unusual displays of games by men and women entrants in the Catalina channel marathon swim were revealed today as trainers told of the reluctance of their charges to leave the water.

Mrs. Charlotte Schoemmel, of New York, was one of these. A week before the swim she seriously injured a knee in a workout. Nausea overtook her shortly after the start, the injured leg becoming useless, floating helplessly in the water, but she held on for seven miles before permitting her trainers to take her into a boat.

The consensus was that the great obstacle to be overcome was not the distance but the cold water. This low temperature was due to unprecedented cold spell that has swept the Southern California coast this winter. Temperatures of different currents varied from 54 degrees to 68 degrees.

Does greasing help? This question is answered in the affirmative by a vast majority of the contestants. Norman Ross, of Chicago, says no. He relied on an olive oil rub. Whichever faction is right, it is a fact that the joint surfaces of limbs, such as elbows, shoulders and knees, where cold attacks the swimmer most persistently, were almost bare of grease after several miles had been covered.

JAPAN TO KEEP NAVY UP, PREMIER ASSERTS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

of both North and South" as members of the Chinese delegation.

"The Chinese themselves," he said, "must decide who shall assume the reins of government in China, or what international policy is sane and wise."

He declared that Japan is prepared to grant "complete protection" to her nationals in China, both in regard to their person and property.

Both the premier and foreign minister alluded to the "growing cordiality" in the relationship between Japan and the Russian soviet union.

"There are certain sections," Baron Shidehara said, "people who indulge in alarming speculation as if the interests of Japan and the soviet union are destined to clash in Manchuria, but we have no aggressive policy in Manchuria or elsewhere, our sole preoccupation being that peace and order be maintained in that region and that our nationals there be permitted to engage in peaceful pursuits without molestation."

"We believe the soviet union does not differ with this fundamental policy and likewise that it has no aggressive designs, military, political or otherwise."

Premier Wakatsuki told the diet the output of rice, Japan's chief staple food, is not keeping pace with the increase in population and that the national security will be menaced eventually if the condition continues. He warned that "unless a fundamental lasting policy is established concerning population and supply of foodstuffs, the nation may find itself in a state of great difficulty from which it will be unable to extricate itself."

STOMACH UPSET

Get at the real cause. That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to patch up a poor digestion, they are attacking the real cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions, away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

Have you a bad taste, coated tongue, poor appetite, a lazy, don't-care feeling, no ambition or energy, trouble with undigested foods? Take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. Know them by their olive color. They do the work without griping, cramps or pain. All Druggists.

Take 1 or 2 at bedtime for quick relief. Eat what you like, 15c, 30c, 60c—Adv.

STUDEBAKER

Just Drive It

Discovers a New History

Robert Emmet Sherwood

Finds Something to Write Home in the Life of Hannibal, Cartagenaian Conqueror. Jane Cowl Starred.

William A. Brady, Jr., and Dwight Dore Winant present "Cradle Snatchers," a new comedy by Robert Emmet Sherwood, staged by Lester Longman. Settings designed by Lee S. Simonson.

THE CAST.
Various: Fairfax Burgher, Meta, Jesse Cary, Fabia, Ritchie Liss, Amytis, Jane Cowl, Ralph, Charles, Mary, George, William, Randall, Cato, William Pearce, Iroussa, William B. Randall, Serotius, Lionel Hogarth, Thrillius, Alfred Webster, Sergeant, Jack McGraw, Corporal, Ben Ladd, First guard, Gerald O'Brien, Second guard, Willard Joy, Fourth guard, John McNulty, Thotome, Louis Hogarth, Hannibal, Louis Hogarth, Hannibal, Philip Merivale.

In his research work, Robert Emmet Sherwood found many historical analogies to present day life. These he has woven into one of the finest satires staged since Shaw himself took to the task of playwriting.

From time immemorial, Hannibal has been the outstanding military hero of history books. Rated as the greatest soldier of his time, in his life was background for one who wanted to write of remote Romans and conquering Cartagenians, drawing symbolic underlines suggestive of something akin to life as it is lived even today upon the Isle of Manhattan and outlying districts—a Roman punch that floors the American Caesar.

Emmett Sherwood has done in his play, a work that brings back a Washington favorite, Jane Cowl, in the role of a sweet bit of femininity who cajoles Hannibal into his first retreat.

Historians may have wondered why it was Hannibal in all his glory failed to accomplish his big objective. Sherwood lets loose the story. In the telling of it he has recourse to a fine flair for comedy, a superb sense of humor, wit, and a daring not often equaled by many of his predecessors.

Aside from a stupendous study in sophistication, Sherwood takes liberties even with the patience of an audience and mulls over lines and situations so cleverly handled that no one ever dreams of walking out on them; though the processes of unfolding are undeniably long. These, however may be easily remedied.

In staid old Rome were husbands who bored their wives to tears. One of them was Fabius Maximus, a senator whose power of oratory in the forum rose him to the rank of dictator—at the very moment when Hannibal and his cohorts were clamoring at the gates of the city. The senator's wife, Amytis, with death and desolation at hand, is sent to her mother for protection, but decides to make a side excursion into the tented

city of Hannibal. What happens there is a new version of history, sponsored by Robert Emmet Sherwood in the same manner that other sidelights on celebrated characters have been set forth in novel form within recent memory.

There is Shavian sarcasm shot through this script until it fairly flies over the footlights—and some of the finest morsels are handed to Miss Jane Cowl, splendid in her enactment of a role ripe and rich as anything she ever essayed in a career crowded with success.

A dry subject at best, history would certainly be the most interesting study in all the curriculum were it unfolded in college classrooms as Robert Emmet Sherwood presents it on stage—with a cast such as that found in support of Miss Cowl, lines that reek with clean-cut comedy, a high and rollickous ridiculousness sweeping through the superstructure, a flap or two of flippancy, and an abandon that brooks no misinterpretation. The man merely went out to create a Roman holiday at the expense of fellow Americans—and he succeeds. How he scores.

A glimpse of this pseudo-seriousness, the spectator settles back in his chair and wonders: "So this is Rome!"
JOHN J. DALY.

COMEDY AT NATIONAL RINGS STEEPLE BELLS

"Cradle Snatchers," Clean Show, Held Most Hilarious of Season.

BLANCHE RING HAS LEAD

San H. Harris, by arrangement with Hassard Short, presents "Cradle Snatchers," a farce comedy by Russell McCraft and Norma Mitchell, at the National theater.

THE CAST.
Susan Martin, Blanche Ring, Kitty Ladd, Teresa Maxwell, Anne Hall, Marguerite McNulty, Elton, Mary O'Neil, Francis, Zenna, Telen, Henry Winton, Joseph McCalligan, George Martin, Bruce Evans, Roy Ladd, M. Tello Webb, Howard Drake, V. V. Grandillo, Joe Valerio, Elliot, Ruth Oscar Nordham, Edward V. Cutler.

It is seldom, indeed, that a comedy is a comedy. There are a hundred of them turned out yearly which have short runs along the main stem—take a dyspeptic fling at the provinces and then, gasping from protracted forced hysteria, wend their several ways back to the warehouse of the eminent Mons. Kane, who runs a store house to which all mediocrities are finally relegated.

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surgeons who occupy "two on the aisle" on opening night were content to take the announcement with a grain or two of salt. Farce comedies had come before and, unless they were French and, in consequence, risqué, there was very little comic element in their make up. But the plain fact is that "Cradle Snatchers" is a comedy of the first water. It is none of your Hopwood variety wherein virtuous chambermaids are made associate with the flaneurs of the boulevards—rather it is a good, wholesome play with a lady who craves young blood and a bold caballero in the lead roles.

"Cradle Snatchers" is easily the most hilarious comedy to hit town since the opening gun was fired last fall. It gets away to a somewhat slow start, but by the time the trio of gay husbands have departed on the alleged "hunting trip" everything gets noisy and frolicsome—and there, in the vernacular, hell to tell the captain when the curtain goes down on act two.

Briefly, the story of "Cradle Snatchers" is the epic tale of three married women left together by their husbands, who are off on what purports to be a hunting trip, but which trip the wives suspect has a more or less ulterior purpose. And having the feminine intuition which informs that everything is not all right, the wives decide to have a little hunting trip of their own and to further this purpose three young college lads are introduced to supply what is lacking. As is inevitable, there is a rousing sort of house party and the husbands return at precisely the wrong moment—and just how the problem is solved forms a very bolsterous sort of denouement to a very bolsterous comedy.

Blanche Ring is assigned the role of the middle-aged wife who is said to be 'flirty'—and she simply carries on in a way that warms the heart of the

seeker for comedy. Maude Eburne, the ancient wife, is perhaps the most acclimated of the cast—and Teresa Maxwell Conover, who understands the as-

signment of Kitty Ladd is quite good, though a bit stiff at times. For the rest, nothing matters. "Cradle Snatchers" is uproarious comedy.

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Tuesday, January 18, 1927.

IN CHINA AND NICARAGUA.

Reports from China furnish ground for grave apprehension as to the safety of American citizens. Chinese mobs are ravaging cities in the interior, and probably American lives have already been sacrificed. Alarming reports are coming in from many quarters. Attacks upon foreigners in Canton, Shanghai and Peking are feared as the nationalist movement stirs up the passions of the Chinese people.

The United States government has sent warships to the danger points and will do everything possible to protect American life and property. The landing of marines and bluejackets and clashes between these forces and the Chinese mobs are to be expected.

There is no essential difference between the Chinese and the Nicaraguan situations. In each case the United States must either protect American life and property or suffer them to be sacrificed to violence on account of the inability of the governments concerned to protect foreigners. In Nicaragua the government of Adolfo Diaz has been recognized as constitutional, and President Coolidge is supporting it. He could not honorably do otherwise than support the lawful government of Nicaragua, and his support is the most effective means of preventing the destruction of foreign life and property, including the lives and property of Americans. If a lawful government should emerge in China it would be President Coolidge's duty to recognize it and support it, to the extent that he is supporting the Nicaraguan government, as the best means of preventing destruction of American life and property.

No one by the wildest stretch of the imagination could seriously charge that the United States is seeking to absorb China when it stands ready to recognize a lawful government and to discriminate in its favor by permitting it to obtain war material here while denying that privilege to its opponents. Why should the United States be charged with imperialism and aggression in Nicaragua for doing what it is about to do in China? Those who charge the United States with imperialism and aggression in Nicaragua are deliberately closing their eyes to the established policy of this government as revealed in its dealings with Cuba, Santo Domingo, Mexico, Panama and Nicaragua itself on previous occasions of disturbance.

The United States is no more bent upon the acquisition of Nicaragua or Mexico than it is bent upon the acquisition of China. In each case, however, it is bound to protect American life and property.

THE RUBBER CITY.

The fact that the Mississippi river furnishes the water power at the Falls of St. Anthony and that the great wheat fields of the Northwest supply the raw material is perhaps the reason why Minneapolis became the flour center of the world. So also the cotton fields of the South and the development of hydroelectric power is rapidly transferring the textile manufacturing industry from New England to the cotton States.

But just why the manufacture of collars and shirts should have become centered in Troy, the manufacture of gloves in Gloversville, or the manufacture of shoes in Lynn and Brockton, Mass., is a mystery. But of all the specialties in trade development perhaps the most strange and unaccountable is the growth of the rubber industry in the city of Akron, Ohio, unless it be that an Akron man first discovered how to vulcanize raw rubber many years ago.

There are eighteen companies engaged in the manufacture of rubber goods in that one Ohio city, and their combined capital reaches \$368,579,670. The products of these factories are innumerable, ranging from bottle nipples, toy balloons and dolls to rubber heels, belting and tires. It is in the production of tires for motor vehicles that Akron ranks first in the world, for there are turned out in Akron no fewer than 7,000,000 tires annually by one corporation alone, besides 92,000,000 rubber heels.

An idea of the rapid growth of the rubber industry and its effect upon the welfare of

Akron is conveyed by the fact that in 1926 the number of employees of the rubber companies was 51,158, while the value of the products was \$549,721,717.

There is probably no other manufacturing city in the country which is peopled by a more contented class of workers than Akron. One of the rubber companies purchased 1,000 acres of land near its works, upon which homes, churches, schools, recreation centers and restricted business sections were built and laid out. Another leases a lake near by, which is well stocked with fish and around which are pretty cottages for the workers, and dancing pavilions, baseball fields, gymnasiums and all sorts of attractions for employees and their families.

Schools for the training of the workers in citizenship, banks in which their savings may be invested, and every possible inducement to clean living is made by the rubber companies of Akron. And the business is growing like the proverbial green bay tree.

STRENGTHEN THE NAVY.

The Senate committee on appropriations has voted to insert an item of \$1,200,000 in the naval bill to provide for beginning construction of three new cruisers. The committee also proposes amendments which provide \$1,723,854 for additional personnel and \$2,146,000 additional for aviation. The Senate bill as agreed upon by the committee increases the navy personnel to 84,000 men. In addition to the increased appropriation for airplanes, the Senate committee recommends an increase of \$5,000,000 in the provision authorizing a construction program for airplanes up to 1929, making the total \$10,000,000.

The Senate committee's amendments will be championed by members of the Senate committee on naval affairs. These amendments should be adopted, and the Senate should instruct its conferees to insist upon retaining them in the bill.

The attempt of the bureau of the budget to fix the strength of the United States navy is an offense to Congress and an injury to the national defense. The budget bureau can not possibly be informed as to the needs of the navy in cruisers, airplanes or personnel, except in the most general way. Government by budget has already proved its absurdity. It should not now be permitted to endanger the nation's security for the sake of making a financial showing. This is not a money question. No drain upon the Treasury is demanded by any one. It is a question of adequate national defense. This question must be settled by the authority that is responsible for the national defense—the Congress.

Undoubtedly the sentiment of the House is in favor of additional cruisers and naval planes and an increased personnel. Politics and partisanship muddled the situation in the House when the naval bill was under consideration, and Republicans permitted themselves to be placed in a position in which they sacrificed their convictions in order to appear "regular." The administration does not oppose reasonable increase of the navy, to keep it up to date and to insure the national safety. A firm stand on the part of the Senate conferees will unquestionably result in acceptance by the House of the Senate amendments.

It is unfortunate that Congress should find any difficulty whatever in dealing with the navy. A Congress that can pass an enormous rivers and harbors bill, involving ultimate expenditure of \$240,000,000, makes itself ridiculous when it haggles over the few millions necessary to strengthen and modernize the navy. The plea of economy, applied to necessary national defense, is not only unwarranted, but is falsified by Congress itself when it appropriates vast sums for other purposes that are not indispensable.

POSTAGE STAMPS AND BANK NOTES.

Postmaster General New presents to the public next week a brand-new postage stamp. Its face value is to be 20 cents. The stamp is to supply the need of a single unit of postage for air-mail letters weighing more than half an ounce. The minimum rate for air-mail service anywhere in the United States is hereafter to be 10 cents for a half ounce or fraction.

This new issue will be eagerly purchased by stamp collectors, and to supply the demand the stamps will be placed on sale immediately in the philatelic division of the Post-office Department at the same time the post-offices along the air routes are supplied.

In the meantime complaints are multiplying in every city and among the principal users of postage stamps concerning the poor quality of the paper used in their manufacture in the bureau of engraving and printing. It is the general complaint that the stamps are made of such poor material that they are easily torn in the act of affixing them to letters. This fault is doubtless due to the fact that the bureau is compelled to purchase its paper from the contractor whose bid is the lowest, "all things being considered."

It is this "lowest bidder" requirement which is responsible for the quality of the currency of the United States, which has deteriorated in a marked degree in the last ten years. Today there is not a minor republic on the American continent which has a currency inferior, in one particular at least, to that of the United States. That is in the quality of the ink used in the printing. Because compelled to contract with the lowest responsible bidder for the colors used in making the inks, the director of the bureau is restricted in his purchases. Before the world war all such colors were of Chinese or German origin. They "stood up," whereas today the colors are made wherever the contractor can purchase them most cheaply, resulting in a very "cheap" finished product. One has only to wash a Federal Reserve bill, or any other piece of currency printed within the last five years, on which green ink is used, with a soap or powder containing an alkali, to have the blue

disappear entirely. Instead of a green back to his dollar bill he will discover that it is a dirty, faded-out yellow. Subject the product turned out by any private company, in the country for one of the "banana republics," and the ink will not change color.

INSECT INVADERS.

The biggest appropriation ever made to aid in the extermination of an agricultural pest is that which is carried in the bill introduced by Mr. Purnell, of Indiana, which passed the House January 8. The bill carries the staggering figure of \$10,000,000 and the indications are that every dollar can be profitably used in the attempt to check the ravages of an alien insect known as the European corn borer, which has made frightful progress toward the destruction of the cornfields of some eight States within the last few years.

The committee on agriculture was convinced of the danger confronting the corn States after very brief hearings, and in spite of the unprecedented size of the proposed appropriation there was no objection to the measure in the committee. Almost simultaneously with the reporting of the bill came news from Illinois that the pest has invaded that State, and several specimens have been captured and sent to the bureau of entomology for verification. It is further reported that the borer travels at the rate of upward of 150 miles a year and there is every reason to fear that unless its progress can be checked the entire corn area will be affected.

Advices from Chicago indicate that the corn belt is aroused over the threatened danger and that the States in that region are ready and anxious to cooperate in every way with the Washington authorities in the proposed war of extermination.

With the pink boll weevil reported as making its appearance in the cotton fields of Arizona, the Japanese fly entering Pennsylvania, and the European corn borer rapidly approaching the very heart of the corn country, the bureau of entomology has plenty of work cut out for the coming season. Director Howard, some time ago, vigorously sounded the alarm by stating that a death struggle was on between men and insects. At present the insects have the better of the fight. No expense should be spared by Congress in making war on these enemy invaders.

PUBLIC LIBRARY EXTENSION.

The Public Library of the District of Columbia distributed in 1925 1,092,000 volumes, or approximately 2 books to every individual. This places Washington twentieth among the States in books circulated per capita. The cost of the service per person was about 52 cents as compared to a per capita expense of about 33 cents for the United States as a whole. For the entire country the circulation per capita was about 2.13 volumes.

The record is not particularly encouraging to a city which prides itself on its learning, although in extenuation it may be pointed out that Washington probably exceeds other cities in the number of private and official collections. The Library of Congress contributes many volumes to local readers, and it seems certain that if an actual tabulation of books read during a specified period were possible, Washington would rank high in the list.

Library officials realize, however, that they have hardly scratched the surface of service which the library should offer the citizens of Washington. Some time ago they appeared before the special committee investigating District affairs to outline their future needs. There is in preparation a five-year public library building and extension program, which will be placed before the present session of Congress. It provides for the construction of eleven additional branch libraries in separate buildings, and the establishment of fifteen or more small branches in schoolhouses and rented structures. At present there are three major branches and two small schoolhouse libraries.

This is the solution to the problem of increasing per capita circulation. Today a trip to the library means, in most cases, expenditure of street car fare and utilization of an entire evening. When the library becomes a neighborhood affair, however, use of its facilities is bound to increase. The public will benefit, the city will benefit, and no matter what expense is involved in the expansion program, it will be money well spent.

NO MORE WHISKERS.

From London, masculine style center of the world, comes the alarming news that whiskers and mustaches are coming back. The beard, say the London barbers, stands out more than ever as the true badge of masculinity, and the vogue of the clean shaven gentleman is on the decline.

The prediction has all the earmarks of propaganda, for emancipated masculinity hardly will go back of its own accord to the old days pictured in the advertising of a contemporary shaving soap manufacturer. Whiskers are a bother, and whiskers are insubstantial, and even should the Prince of Wales himself hide his presentable features behind a hireling fringe, the rest of mankind would be unlikely to follow.

Aside from the sanitary aspects, however, the average man, despite his grumbling, looks forward to the morning shave. There is something ritualistic about the process, something pleasing to the eye in a keen-edged razor and the white blowing suds. Shaving constitutes an escape from the commonplace and an opportunity to persist in the hopeless task of trying to improve the face that nature made.

Barbers forced the women to cut their tresses, and in doing so succeeded largely in driving man from one of his last strongholds—the barber shop. That is sufficient interference with male prerogatives. A campaign to bring about the return of whiskers is doomed to disappointment.

No more dirt in New York's plays. Now the poor actors will have to act.

At any rate the condition of the navy proves that America loves peace.

Many of the Smiths find it difficult to settle down in Washington.

God give us men, and women instead of 60-year-old flappers.



As Seen by His Critics at Home and Abroad.

PRESS COMMENT.

The Turkish Treaty.

New York World: The Lausanne treaty need not be urged as merely a choice of evils. American business men in Turkey want and need a treaty. Their rivals of other nationalities can well afford to lobby in Washington against ratification of a treaty which our own business interests require. If we could maintain a Minister in the cruel and corrupt regime of Abdul Hamid; if we could raise our Ministry to an Ambassadorship and maintain that relation with his feeble successors, we can certainly favor legitimate American business interests in the Near East by recognizing the present progressive regime.

Law Enforcement.

Utica Press: There must be wholehearted approval of President Coolidge's pronouncement in favor of law enforcement. Its failure, he wrote in a letter to the citizens committee on one thousand, means the failure of government. True, but did you ever stop to consider the amazing fondness of the American people for legislation? So many laws are passed that the most law-abiding citizen of this country constantly risks breaking them. It is manifestly impossible that the provisions of all these statutes can be known or observed, even in the localities where they apply. The confusion with respect to law is apparent whenever the effort is made to ascertain the legality of any matter which is to the slightest degree complicated by uncertainty or conflicting enactments or court opinions. Notwithstanding this jumble, the work of grinding out new laws continues.

His Own Lookout.

Omaha State Journal: Cigarettes are against the law in Kansas and more Kansas people smoke them than other where would, and we're looking for the Kansas Anticigar league to demand, and probably get, legislation to have them filled with gunpowder, on the Christian ground that if a law breaker has his nose blown off it's his own lookout.

Incredible.

Atlanta Constitution: A curious recorder of unimportant things notes that seven more or less eminent Englishmen who have visited this country in the space of seven years never told us what's the matter with it.

Beautiful Dream.

Louisville Courier-Journal: When a pedestrian feels gloomy he might try imagining Quiver living today as a pedestrian and sticking cars in his overcoat pockets, with wildly gesticulating drivers dangling from the windows.

River and Harbor Needs
Chairman Dempsey Explains and Defends the Measure Just Passed.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir:

I have read the editorial in your issue of today quoting Representative Chalmers as saying that he considers the rivers and harbors bill the worst ever passed, and stating that it carries expenditures of over \$100,000,000, but that the total expenditures under it will be more.

It is unnecessary to refute the general statement of Mr. Chalmers. To say that a bill is bad does not carry conviction unless it is bad by nature of the bill or because of bad provisions which are pointed out. To improve the rivers and harbors of the country, so as to develop waterway transportation, is as commendable work as Congress and the executive can do. So the question is whether the projects embraced in this bill are good or bad projects.

The bill authorizes expenditures to the amount of \$71,871,900, and no more. Our railroads spend about \$600,000,000 a year on maintenance and improvements. Thirty-eight per cent as carried by rail, and on the basis of railway expenditures we should expend \$200,000,000 a year on our waterways. We actually expend about \$50,000,000 a year. So no charge of extravagance in waterway expenditures can be honestly made.

Mr. Hoover, Secretary of Commerce, has pointed out on numerous occasions lately that we have traffic facilities now inadequate at the peak for our existing population; that at the end of 25 years we will have 40,000,000 additional population for whom we have no transportation facilities, and that, if we are to supply our people with food and fuel, we must provide new traffic facilities for this additional population; that such facilities can be provided more cheaply and more easily by water than by rail; and that, with the facilities once provided, water transportation costs much less than that by rail. So the size of the bill can not be urged as an objection to it, provided the projects are proper ones.

Your editorial urges that \$12,000,000 should not have been authorized for the upper Missouri river. This item was adopted on the recommendation of the engineers—the district engineer recommending that the section between Sioux City and Kansas City be systematically improved, securing a channel 6 feet deep, at a cost of \$46,000,000; the division engineer concurred in general but recommended that the present improvement be limited to the section between Kansas City and Omaha, costing \$28,000,000, in which the board of engineers for rivers and harbors recommended an expenditure of \$6,000,000. Congress, in view of the engineers differing in opinion and variously recommending from \$6,000,000 to \$46,000,000, struck a happy medium and authorized the expenditure of about one-quarter of the highest amount recommended—\$12,000,000.

It surely is no objection to the project that, beside providing navigation, it will result in reclaiming 40,000 acres of land worth \$1,200,000, and in increasing the value of other low lands \$6,400,000; or that the cost of maintenance of railroad lines, highways and levees will be greatly reduced, all of which benefits are pointed out by the chief of engineers as advantages resulting from the adoption of the project. The engineers show, too, that the direct

savings of the improvement of the river from Kansas City to Sioux City will be \$4,978,000 annually.

In the face of these facts the Missouri river project can not be successfully attacked. Nor is it an objection to it to say that some future Congress may at some uncertain time appropriate more money for this project; it will be completed as far as the expenditure now authorized will go, and, if found to be as highly useful as the engineers estimate, and the facts make reasonably certain that it will be, every one will favor the continuance of the work.

The Missouri is the only item which your editorial attacks, but you state that many other items are indefensible.

I challenge any one to name a single item in this bill which is not worthy and which will not increase the usefulness of water transportation in the country. I will refer very briefly to the larger items in the bill, viz:

The waterway connecting Gravesend bay with Jamaica bay is really the Federal part of the Barge waterway through the State of New York, and that State is to make large expenditures in connection with this improvement. No waterway in the vicinity of New York City as this is, has ever failed, or ever will fail, to have a large traffic, much more than justifying any reasonable expenditure upon it.

The Intracoastal waterway from New Orleans to Corpus Christi, Tex., will cost \$7,000,000. This will connect the oil wells and sulphur mines of Texas with the Mississippi system as well as with the Gulf and the two coasts, securing the distribution of these two basic commodities expeditiously and at a very low transportation rate.

St. Marys river, Michigan, is a point through which 90,000,000 tons of freight passes annually. If either one of the two existing channels should become blocked, as it is liable to be, the loss would be enormous and there would be great danger as well. Additional width is provided in one of the channels at an expense of \$4,921,000.

After the government had attempted to secure the Cape Cod canal through litigation, resulting in a verdict of nearly \$17,000,000, the Secretary of War, of the Navy, and of Commerce, in pursuance of authority from Congress, negotiated a contract for the purchase of this waterway for \$11,500,000. This bill authorizes the carrying out of that contract. The price paid for the property is exceedingly reasonable and the canal is most useful in shortening the distance between New England and all the country south of it, 140 miles on the round trip, and is a safe way and avoids the great danger to life and property of navigating outside the cape.

Some five or six years ago the rivers and harbors committee adopted a project for the survey of the Tennessee river and its tributaries, resulting in the discovery of 3,000,000 horsepower, aside from Muscle Shoals, which can be developed at so low a cost that the power can be placed on the market for \$15 per horsepower. In view of this very wonderful result, a project for the survey of all of the greater rivers of the country for navigation, power, and other purposes, is included in the bill at a cost of \$7,322,400. This is the electric age, and there has never been

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Because It Never Talks.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: A news paragraph in one of the city papers says the Fen Women's league has adopted the owl as the emblem of the organization. I am pushed to find the reason for the selection. Ornithologists class the owl as the most stupid of all birds, and surely no member of the league will admit for a moment it is a fair representative of them. It prowls at night only. Are the leaguers night prowlers? Do they visit the night clubs? In the daylight the owl is blind. The leaguers claim to be wide-awake, with mental vision acute both in the light of day and in the darkness of night. Why, then, is the owl their emblem?

AN ANXIOUS INQUIRER.

Extends Sympathy.

To the Editor of The Post, Sir: The marine corps is known to all of us, and Jiggs was known and loved by many thousands of Americans throughout the country. I extend my sympathy to the corps in its loss.

FRANK TAYLOR.
Bristol, Va., January 10.

MAN NEEDS PANTS.

An Associated Press dispatch from Paris says that the French, who popularized long pants during the revolution of 1793, now are discussing a proposal "to put the male species back into knee breeches—not 'plus-fours' but fancy silk breeches such as the Beau Brummels of the eighteenth century wore," says the Chicago Evening Post.

The dispatch adds that if only twelve gentlemen of secure social position would appear in knee breeches in the boulevards the belief in Paris is that half the world would adopt them within the month.

We are entirely satisfied of the truth of the statement that the French are thinking of means to bring back knee breeches, but we are skeptical about the statement that half the world would adopt "shorts" in satin after looking on a parade of twelve gentlemen so arrayed unless the twelve were well inspected below the knees by experts in the anatomy beautiful.

We know nothing more appalling that could happen to the sense of the beautiful that lies in us than to be compelled to gaze on a male world wearing nothing but stockings and shoes below the knee. Half of the males among us have the "shrunk shanks," while the other half has little to boast of but post-holose rotundity.

SEED FROM GETHSEMANE.

According to American Forests and Forest Life, cones from the historic cypress trees that stand in the Garden of Gethsemane, brought back by a forestry student of the University of California, have produced flourishing seedlings in California nurseries.

When weather conditions were favorable, the seeds were sown by Prof. Woodbridge Metcalf. With careful attention many germinated and grew into sturdy seedlings, averaging 2 inches to 3 inches in height at the end of the growing season. On removing them from the seedbed, half were placed in a transplant row on the Berkeley campus and the remainder sent to the State forest nursery at Davis. The latter trees are now 8 inches to 12 inches high and ready for distribution.

Some of these are being held by State Forester M. B. Pratt for the California missions and other churches so that in a few years these young trees, with their dense, dark green, sombre foliage will be representative of their parent trees in the sacred garden in Palestine.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 8, COLUMN 4.)

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CAPITAL SOCIETY EVENTS

The Vice President and Mrs. Dawes were the guests in whose honor the Secretary of War and Mrs. Dwight P. Davis entertained a party of 22 guests at dinner at their home last evening.

The Secretary of State and Mrs. Kellogg were the guests in whose honor the Ambassador of Brazil, Mr. S. Gurgel do Amaral, entertained at dinner last evening. There were 26 guests.

The Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. Leland Harrison entertained a company of eighteen guests at dinner last evening, in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Warren Delano Robbins. They will also be hosts at dinner on February 1 in honor of the Secretary of State and Mrs. Kellogg.

The Secretary to the President and Mrs. Everett Sanders were the honor guests at dinner last evening of Mr. and Mrs. G. Bryan Pitts at their home. The party was arranged to celebrate Mrs. Sanders' birthday, and there were 24 present.

Representative and Mrs. Henry Winfield Watson entertained a company of fourteen guests at dinner last evening at their home in Massachusetts avenue. Mrs. Watson will be hostess at a debatable luncheon today in compliment to Miss Louise Fitzhugh.

Count Francis de Buisseret, attaché of the Belgian embassy, entertained a company of fourteen guests at dinner last evening at the Ambassador's.

Luncheon for Mrs. Davis.

Mrs. James J. Davis was the guest of honor at a luncheon yesterday at Raucher's with Mrs. Clyde Kelly and Mrs. Henry Clay Ransley as joint hostesses. There were four wives of cabinet officials in the company of 200 guests. Mrs. Sargent, wife of the Attorney General; Mrs. Wilbur, wife of the Secretary of the Navy; Mrs. Hoover, wife of the Secretary of Commerce; and Mrs. Jardine, wife of the Secretary of Agriculture.

The guests were seated at a large table in the shape of the letter H, with smaller tables arranged in between. Large centerpieces of pink roses were used with tall tapers in silver holders placed at intervals, down the long table.

Mr. Alexander P. Moore, former Ambassador to Spain, arrived yesterday and is at the Willard, where he will pass the week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Francis Amherst Cecil will entertain at dinner Thursday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Cecil will return to Washington Thursday from Baltimore, N. C.

The former Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. E. T. Meredith, of Des Moines, Iowa, who are passing a few days in Washington, are at the Mayflower.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont will entertain at dinner Sunday evening.

Former Senator and Mrs. William Alden Smith, of Grand Rapids, Mich., arrived Sunday and are staying at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Frederick H. Buehrer will entertain at luncheon Sunday at Grasslands. Mrs. W. Harry Brown entertained a distinguished company at dinner last evening in her apartment in Massachusetts avenue, when there were 30 guests. The dinner was followed by a program of music.

Drury's Give Dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter A. Drury were hosts to a company of 22 guests at dinner last evening at their home, and later asked a number of additional guests for dancing. Mrs. Drury will be hostess at luncheon and bridge on Wednesday and again on Thursday, and Mrs. Drury will leave the middle of February for Palm Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Holland Wilmer have sailed for Lima, Peru.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. H. A. Smith were hosts to a company of eight at dinner last evening in the presidential dining room of the Mayflower.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. L. Vanden Bosch will give a dinner tonight for Baron and Baroness Von Boettel.

Mrs. Ridley McLean, wife of Capt. McLean, will entertain at luncheon tomorrow for her daughter, Mrs. Charles Godwin Moore.

Former Senator George B. Martin, of Catlettsburg, Ky., arrived in Washington yesterday and is at the Willard, where he will pass the week.

Mrs. James A. Frear, wife of Representative Frear, of Wisconsin, will entertain at luncheon today at the Willard hotel, when there will be twelve guests.

Mrs. James A. Drain is at the Willard hotel for a few days on her way to Spokane, Wash., and will be at home informally this afternoon at the Willard.

Junior League Boxholders.

The first list of boxholders for the Junior league billiard ball, which will be held Friday evening, February 4, at the Willard, includes:

Baroness Maltzman, Mrs. Charles S. Dewey, Mrs. William J. Donovan, Mrs. Frank B. Noyes, Mrs. William Corcoran, Mrs. Charles C. Glavin, Mrs. Chauncey G. Parker, Mrs. Ridgely Hunt, Mrs. Charles Boughton Wood, Mrs. Arthur O'Brien, Mrs. W. D. Morgan, and Mrs. David Barry. Mrs. Richard Wilmer has charge of the boxes and the tickets. Mrs. Elizabeth Potter will give a dinner before the ball. Her guests will be Dr. and Mrs. A. C. Foote, Mr. and Mrs.

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Tea, 3 to 5 P. M.

FULL COURSE DINNER, \$1.25

6 to 8 P. M.

Reservations Made for Private Bridge and Dinner Parties.

POTOMAC 6322

Frank C. Lee, Miss Constance Newell, Mr. Lewis, Dr. and Mrs. Edmund Horgan and Maj. L. W. McIntosh, U. S. A. Mrs. Webb C. Hayes will give a dinner party of ten before the ball.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Harman, Jr., are receiving congratulations upon the birth of a son, Frank P. Harman 3d, yesterday. Mrs. Harman was formerly Miss Anita Kite, daughter of Commander and Mrs. I. W. Kite.

Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant, Mrs. Richard Townsend, Mrs. Lindsay Morehead, Mrs. Benjamin Thaw, Jr., Senator Richard Ernst, Mrs. Guy Goff, Mrs. Ezra McGary, Mrs. Frederick Farrington, Mrs. James T. Leavitt, Senator Jesse H. Metcalf, Senator Arthur Capper, Ernest Swift and Mrs. John A. Johnston are those who have taken tickets for the entertainment to be given tomorrow night at the Mayflower hotel at 8:30 o'clock for the benefit of the refugees of old Russia in Sofia, Bulgaria.

The program will comprise a lecture by Miss Janet Richards on "Vital Issues of the Day: An International Review," and a musical program, when the artists will be Kurt Hetzel, pianist; and Oksa Karakula, tenor, formerly of the Petrograd Opera Company. The executive committee arranging the entertainment comprises Mrs. William E. Borah, chairman; Mrs. George T. Mayne, Mrs. Robert Whitney-Imbrie, Princess Cantacuzene-Speransky and Mrs. Arthur D. Condon.

Mrs. David S. Barry has joined her husband, Maj. David S. Barry, Jr., U. S. M. C., at Port-au-Prince, Haiti.

Mrs. Fitzhugh Lee, who has been at the Mayflower for the past two weeks, departed yesterday to join Col. Lee at Fort Bliss, El Paso, Tex.

Luncheon by Mrs. Wilson.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson will entertain a party of six at luncheon tomorrow in the presidential dining room of the Mayflower, following Mrs. Lawrence Townsend's "Musical Morning." Miss Rosa Ponselle, of the Metropolitan opera company, and Mr. Alberto Salvi, celebrated harpist, will present the program. Mrs. Dion Williams, Miss Mary Temple, Mrs. James Morris, Mrs. William E. Borah, chairman; Mrs. Charles Boughton Wood are among other prominent hostesses who will also entertain at luncheon on Wednesday at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Frank C. Henry will entertain today a company of 26 at luncheon at Raucher's, in compliment to Mrs. Sidney Tallafiero and Mrs. E. E. Bristol.

Former Representative James W. Good, of Chicago, is passing a few days at the Willard, where he arrived yesterday.

Mrs. M. H. Schluter was hostess to a company of 50 at luncheon yesterday in the Chinese room of the Mayflower.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Jarrell are taking an extended tour through Florida. They are expected to return the latter part of this month.

Invitations have been issued by the Wakefield National Memorial association for a dinner on February 11 at the Mayflower hotel. The committee in charge of the evening includes Mrs. Ogden L. Mills, chairman; Mrs. Claude A. Swanson, Mrs. Peter Goeltz Gerry, Mrs. James Charles McHenry, Mrs. Stanley H. Binehart, Mrs. Charles C. Worthington, Mrs. Howard Sutherland and Col. U. S. Grant, 3d.

The dinner is in celebration of the one hundred and ninety-fifth anniversary of the birth of George Washington, and Mrs. Charles L. McNary, Mrs. Lawrence D. Tyson, Mrs. Tracy Dows, Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant, Mrs. John Hays Hammond and Mrs. Armistead Peter 3d.

Among the prominent Washingtonians at the H. M. Chatham, New York, are: Mrs. A. M. Amatrud, of Chevy Chase; Miss S. C. Anderson, Mr. Arthur Forker, Mr. William J. Du Bose, Mr.

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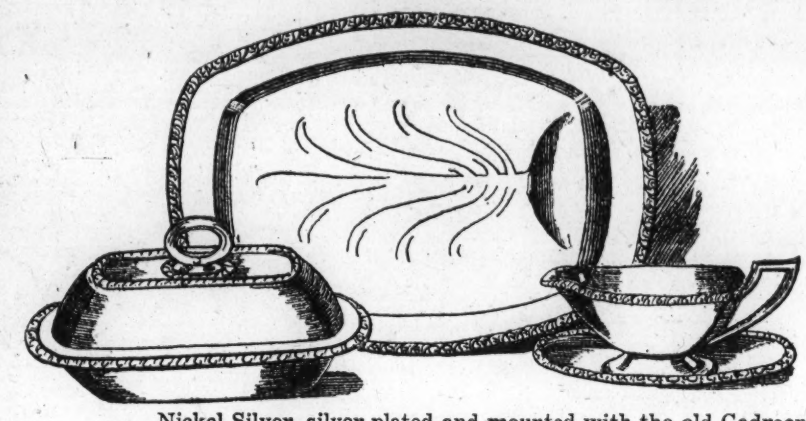
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14-inch size, \$15

16-inch size, \$18

18-inch size, \$23

Double Vegetable Dish, \$22.50

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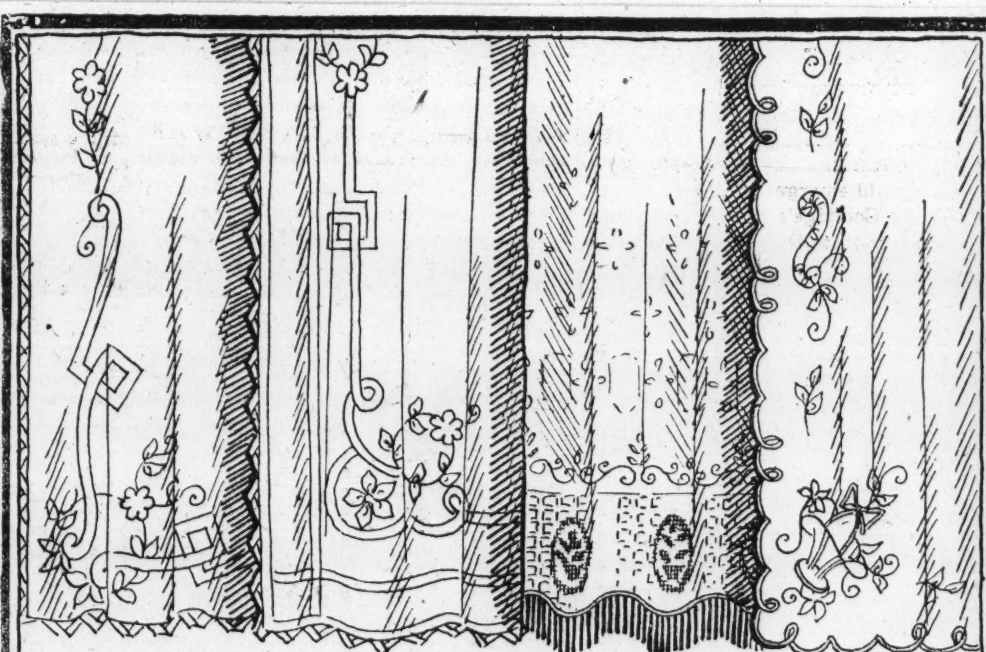
16-inch size, \$25

18-inch size, \$30

20-inch size, \$35

Gravy Boat and Tray, \$17

Woodward & Lothrop



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\$3.95 \$4.95 \$5.95 to \$18.75 Pair

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Curtains to complement the furnishings of any room are in this offering in such a wide variety of styles and makes that any attempt to describe them is futile—and 'though we sketch a few, you must see them to fully appreciate their worth.

Hand-tied Filet Panels

Embroidered Panels

Two to Six Pairs of Curtains of One Kind

Fringed Point de Burges

Swiss Point Duchess Lace

Our Entire Remaining Stock of
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50-inch width \$21.75

34-inch width \$15.75

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The Housekeeper



WONDER how many of us stick to the old plan of consistent buying—that is to say, buying that provides for today or tomorrow but for several days in that the leftovers run along properly and merge, one into the other, in the things that are planned from day to day.

It is with this in mind that we have planned the meals here in this column, and those of our readers who more or less follow the menu will know that when we have planned a roast we see it through until it has been consumed. This can be true of vegetables, too—as we discovered last year when we discussed midweek marketing and its advantages. Midweek marketing means simply that instead of running to the store for every little needed thing two or three times a day, that instead of planning in the morning for the evening meal, that instead of finding something on the pantry shelf to be used up for dinner and made ready in a moment's notice, we plan ahead and for several days in advance, taking advantage in the column for Monday, the economy that is thus brought about.

Let us be specific. If we market on Saturday we provide for over Sunday, allowing Monday to care for itself largely, out of the remnants of Sunday's repast. That is as it should be. It may be noted that no menu whatever is planned in the column for Monday, as we feel that Monday should do just this—take care of itself.

But Tuesday may be cared for too, if one is industrious, without a tiresome trip to and from market with a basket loaded down. Let us assume, and it is usual, that there is a roast for Sunday. It is not usual that an average family consumes the roast in one, or even two days, and if it is the habit of the housewife to buy so small a roast that it is used in one meal it is folly—expensive, laborious folly. Much heat is required to work the oven for the roast, and much waste is necessitated in the bone of the meat. When a roast is made to do over two or three days it is made a much more economical piece of meat from the point of view of fuel, labor and enjoyment. First off it is served on Sunday, hot. Then it may be served cold with an accompanying hot dish on Monday night—and we all appreciate good, home prepared cold meat do we not? If not, and some do not, it may be reheated whole or sliced and warmed in the remaining gravy. Then on the second night all of the meat may be removed very carefully from the bone, the bone broken and with water and seasoning converted into soup stock, the meat made carefully and artistically into an unusual and appetizing new dish.

It is surprisingly true that many dieters call for cooked meat. How foolish not to use these dishes with meat on hand rather than to run out and buy stock, the meat made carefully and artistically into an unusual and appetizing new dish.

Now then, let us see what we have had just before this and what is in the larder. If on Saturday we shopped wisely there are plenty of vegetables for tonight as well as meat. Winter squash, a splendid and tasty vegetable, keeps indefinitely and makes pies as well as vegetable and turnip, apples, cauliflower, celery, beets and carrots all keep splendidly. Why not plan for Tuesday on Saturday and send the food home. We will then be running on a labor-saving, money-saving schedule, and incorporating the midweek marketing idea.

Wednesday is midweek. That day again then may be set aside for market day, or if one prefers, Thursday may be designated, but if it is Wednesday must be taken care of in the Saturday order rather than on Wednesday itself. The Wednesday division of labor is the better one except that the big market has less to offer from the farmers on that day than it has on Thursday.

But however it be arranged, it is well to market just twice a week. We have, in a general way, gone on that theory for some time, almost for all the time that we have been in existence here in this department. Today we shall use what remains in the larder of the beef from Sunday, and plan a new dinner on Wednesday to come of that days marketing.

MENU
Tuesday (Supper)
Tamales Pie
Chilled Bean Salad
Tea Muffins
Preserved Fruit
Nut Loaf Cake
Tea Milk Coffee

MENU
Wednesday
Ham Tenderloin
Mashed Potatoes
Creamed Cauliflower
Buttered Beets
Dressed Lettuce
Apple Snow
Coffee

Fish, if it is to be had on Friday, must, needless to say, be ordered delivered on that day. The order may be placed when at the market on Wednesday, or telephoned when it is known what fish in particular are to be had on the Friday. A trip to market is not necessary on fish day, for if no account is run at the fish store it is possible to have the article sent out c. o. d.

Tamales Pie.
PART ONE.
2 cups cold ground roast or boiled beef.
1 cup solid pack canned tomatoes.

COFFEE
C.D. KENNY CO.

Adopt the "Pantry Pals" Into Your Family
Washington FLOUR

Plain Washington Flour is the "All-purpose" Flour and will bake everything better than any Flour you have had any experience with. Self-Rising Washington Flour is especially adapted for biscuits, waffles, etc., being mixed with the exactly correct proportions of leavening phosphates. With the "Pantry Pals" in the pantry you will never have any baking failures. The Post's demonstrator uses Washington Flour in her work. For sale by grocers and delicatessens in all sizes from 5-pound sacks to full barrels. Wilkins-Rogers Milling Company Washington, D. C.

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WASHINGTON'S FAVORITE

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BROWNING & BAINES, INC.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE IDEAL
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Challenge Refrigerators
Winchcraft and Floor Coverings
Cooking Ranges
Thompson Bros.
1120-26 Good Hope Road
Anacostia, D. C. Linoleum 554

Nicaraguan Policy of U. S. UNCHANGED, KELLOGG DECLARES

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But in interpreting what Secretary Kellogg means by his statement, the interpretation which Mr. Kellogg himself gives is admittedly more to the point than speculation as to what he had in mind when he used the particular phraseology with reference to good offices.
In short, if Diaz remains the acting President in accordance with the Nicaraguan constitution and is recognized and supported by the United States as such, the good offices of the United States might well be extended tomorrow. It is stated, however, that Diaz has refused Costa Rica's offer of mediation lends support to the theory that further attempts to persuade Diaz to eliminate himself may be discontinued.
Several Problems Discussed.
Senator Borah yesterday declined to discuss Secretary Kellogg's visit of Sunday. The understanding is that Mr. Kellogg and Mr. Borah, who frequently discuss foreign questions, exchanged views on various matters of interest, including the Lausanne treaty, besides the Nicaraguan and Mexican problems. Divergence of views between the Secretary and Senator Borah was expressed, frank and friendly discussion, it is understood.
Mr. Borah is said to regard the Mexican question as particularly important at this time because of the apparent friction which has recently developed. He is said to be hopeful that some move toward arbitration may be initiated from Washington if it does not come from Mexico City. Just how the controversy between the two governments over the Mexican land and petroleum laws could be submitted to arbitration is not yet clear. One suggestion is that claims for damages by Americans, including oil companies, could be submitted to the claims commission under article 7, under which the two governments can agree to extend the time for filing claims under the convention which set up the commission.
But the convention does not provide for the filing of claims by one government against another except when one government presents claims on behalf of its nationals. Thus the abstract question of whether or not Mexico, under international law, has the right to exact laws confiscatory and retroactive in character would be more or less barred from being subjected to arbitration.
Arbitration Credited to Warren.
Charles B. Warren, former Ambassador to Mexico and head of the high commission to Mexico that negotiated terms for the resumption of diplomatic relations in 1923, is credited here with having initiated the idea of submitting the Mexican controversy to arbitration after Senator Borah had made this same proposal in the Senate. Mr. Warren has conferred with Secretary Kellogg and this single fact has led to the assumption that the Secretary of State has been advised at length by Mr. Warren as to how the United States government should proceed. President Coolidge's conferences with Mr. Warren have been subjected to the same interpretation. It is said in some quarters, however, that Mr. Warren sought to guide the State Department and that virtually no advice has come to Mr. Kellogg from Mr. Warren.

2 green peppers which have had seed removed.
1 onion.
1 tablespoonful Worcestershire sauce.
1 tablespoonful butter.
1 teaspoonful salt.
Brown onion and peppers, all of which have been chopped fine, in the butter and add salt and Worcestershire sauce and cook until well blended.
PART TWO.
1 cup of ripe, medium sized olives.
1 teaspoonful of salt.
½ teaspoonful of pepper.
¾ cup water or soup stock.
2 cups of cornmeal.
1 tablespoonful Worcestershire sauce.
Make a mush of the cornmeal and water (or broth) and add the seasoning to it. Cook for about 15 minutes, stirring constantly. Remove from the fire and stir in the chopped olives from which the seeds have been removed. Butter a casserole dish and alternate the layers, having the top and bottom layers of cornmeal. Bake an hour and serve with the following sauce:
Sauce.
Brown one chopped onion in two tablespoonfuls of bacon grease and add a tablespoonful of flour. Blend the two and add two cups of tomato sauce and season with salt, pepper and chili powder.
This recipe, by the way, comes to us from a land where tamales abound, where they are as much a part of the food of the country as beans and brown bread are of Boston and as cornpone is of the South.
Nut Loaf Cake.
1½ cups of sugar.
1 cup butter.
2¼ cups flour.
1 cup chopped nuts.
Whites of 4 eggs.
¾ cup milk.
2 teaspoonfuls baking powder.
Add the well-beaten whites to the butter and sugar that have been well creamed together, all the other ingredients gradually and bake in a well-greased pan for from 30 to 40 minutes. A bread pan that is not too deep or an oblong, shallow pan is best for this cake, which is delicious.
Chilled Bean Salad.
Cook a pint of string beans in boiling salted water until they are tender. Drain, saving a cup of the liquor in which they are cooked. Add to the liquor two tablespoonfuls of vinegar, two tablespoonfuls of oil, 1 tablespoonful sugar, and salt and paprika. Mix the ingredients all together with the beans thoroughly, and chill. Serve with a dollop of mayonnaise on a crisp lettuce leaf.

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Managua, Nic., Jan. 17 (By A. P.)—President Adolfo Diaz of Nicaragua today informed the Associated Press that his government could not accept the recent offer of mediation of the armed conflict in Nicaragua made by President Jimenez of Costa Rica.
President Diaz, whose government has been recognized by the United States, declared that President Jimenez last December expressed prejudice against the Diaz regime as "lacking constitutionality," and added the charge that the liberal adherents of Dr. Juan Sacasa have been using Puerto Limon in Costa Rica as a base of operation.
He declared that no Central American government could mediate in the Nicaraguan controversy in an independent manner because of fear of Mexico. The Costa Rican mediation proposals, which have been accepted by Dr. Sacasa whose government is recognized by Mexico, and have met with a favorable response in Washington, were made several days ago.

(By the Associated Press.)
Announcement by President Diaz of Nicaragua that he could not accept mediation offers extended by President Jimenez of Costa Rica caused no surprise at the State Department, as it has understood that the offer was refused when it was made several weeks ago. While no official comment was available, it was obvious that the statement made by President Diaz yesterday to the Associated Press was viewed rather as an explanation of his previous action than as an announcement of action just taken.
The Washington government expressed, through the Costa Rican Minister here, its approval of the plan to offer mediation in Nicaragua when the subject was first brought up.

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Society Events

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)
Claude A. Swanson will act as toastmaster.
Mr. Maurice du Pont, of New York, is the guest of Mrs. M. du Pont Lee at the Powhatan.
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Novena in Preparation for the Conversion of
St. Paul, Beginning January 17

—At the—
NATIONAL SHRINE OF THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION
(Catholic University)

Sermon Daily at 5 o'clock P. M.
—By—
REV. FRANCIS P. LYONS
(St. Paul's College)

Novena Prayers and Benediction
January 17 January 25

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Restoring the Beauty of Marred Tables
—Chairs—any cabinetwork or trim, in fact—presents little, if any, problem, when you have the help of "DUCO." It goes on with an ordinary brush, like paint, dries with a finish of permanency and beauty. You can get "Duco" in most of the popular colors.
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Extremely high specifications are constantly maintained. Tests are accurately made during every process. The result is a grade of gasoline surpassing all others at the price.

Naturally "STANDARD" gives finer performance, a smoother running motor and faster getaway. It's quality that counts in the long run. Try a tankful. Join the millions who stick to "STANDARD".

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (N. J.)

Drain and fill with "STANDARD" MOTOR OIL holds its body

"STANDARD" GASOLINE

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Magazine Page of Fashions and Features

Those Lucky Pullens!

by MALCOLM DUART
(Copyright 1926 by EUGENE MACLEAN)

Names and situations in this story are fictitious.

THE STORY SO FAR.

The Pullen family in Washington, D. C., not only has had burglars three times within a year, but has received mysterious gifts of a fine motor car, a fur coat for Mrs. Pullen, a Chinese lacquered chest and various sums of money. Mrs. Pullen thinks these gifts come from a fat man, who has been trying to flirt with her daughter, Julia. She wants Julia to encourage him, believing he is in love with the girl, and is taking this way to press his suit. Pullen brings word that he has had an unexpected offer of a fine job, and Mrs. Pullen insists that the fat man probably is responsible for this also. As the last chapter ended, Pullen, after a phone call, asks a wife if she really wants to know about her "fat friend."

NOW GO ON WITH THE STORY.

CHAPTER XVII.

"DON'T believe a word of it," said Mrs. Pullen.

"What don't you believe?" inquired her husband, resuming his seat at the table.

"Whatever it was that fellow told you," she returned. "It was Sam Carlie talking—I know it was! And I wouldn't believe that fellow on a stack of Bibles. He comes trying to crowd himself in here without an invitation."

"Sam didn't crowd in here," Julia interposed. "I invited him once, and you told him to go away."

"And I did a good job, too," Mrs. Pullen retorted. "A worthless, no-account scamp. What did he say, Fred?"

Pullen lifted a forkful of potatoes. "No use telling you if you won't believe it," he said, with placid detachment.

"But I have a right to know what he said," she insisted. "I demand to know."

"All right, Sam got this fellow's license number, and looked it up. It's a hired car. He went to the garage where it belongs, and they gave him the man's name and address. The man lives at a hotel. He's a promoter—claims he's trying to start a factory."

Mrs. Pullen clasped both hands upon the table. "See, Fred Pullen? What did I tell you? They need a factory to start a factory, and he's put you in the real estate business to help him! It's a—"

"—col-in as the nose on your face. I think it was mighty decent of him, too."

Her husband grinned dryly. "Also," he went on, "the man married my wife was at the hotel for two or three weeks, and has gone home. Fat lady, with a double chin."

"Did Sam Carlie say that?" Mrs. Pullen's voice was shrill.

"That's what they told him at the hotel," said Pullen.

Mrs. Pullen got to her feet, warm with indignation. "I'm not going to sit at this table and hear you repeat lies from a scamp like Sam Carlie!" she cried. "Anybody but a ninny could see it's all a lie."

She picked up her fork, and flourished it. "Why would the stout gentleman give us that fine limousine if he was married?"

"It's a sedan," said her husband.

"Sedan," she said. "And why would he give me my car coat? And why would he give you one of the finest jobs in Washington? Answer me that, Fred Pullen—you and your Sam Carlie!"

Pullen raised his eyebrows in whiplash despair. "Elsie," said he, "little dewdrop! How do you know it was the fat man who gave us all those things?"

Her answer was firm. "Of course it was the stout gentleman. Who else would it be?"

She swept from the room, and presently was heard banging pots and pans in the kitchen, working off her excitement.

Pullen's face was red with mirth as he winked across the table at his daughter. "Better pick out your jail, Julia," he said. "Your mother will have you married to that balloon-buster before you know it. Then you'll have to take flowers to him in his cell, because he'll be a big nut."

Julia sighed gently. "If mama keeps this up much longer, I'll run away," she said. "Papa, if she sees him again, I'll ask him to call."

"No doubt. It'll be fun to have a little playmate in the house. I'll kick him down steps, and we'll get Sam Carlie to jump on him. He helped himself to a wedge of pie. Seriously, though, we've got to get her thinking of something else. Your mother is an energetic woman, Julia—perfectly tireless when she has an idea in mind."

"I wish," she said, "I wish—"

"She did not complete the sentence, but sat picking with her fork at the table cloth."

"What do you wish, baby?" he asked.

"Oh, I wish things would settle down—that we could be peaceful again," she said, wistfully.

He thrust a hand into his trouser's pocket. "Here's this hundred-dollar bill," he said. "I didn't spend it. These real estate people are going to give me \$500, cash down, if I take the job. I get it the minute I sign the contract. So you take this money and buy something pretty."

She patted his hand as he accepted the yellow note. "Good, kind daddy," she murmured.

"I'm going to accept the offer," he went on. "Can't afford to refuse it. I'll probably be married, though, in a month or two. Never sold an inch of real estate in my life, nor bought any, either, except when I bought this house. But, meanwhile, we'll roll high, Oh, boy!"

A clatter in the cellar below announced that Mrs. Pullen was definitely out of hearing for the moment.



With a violent motion, Julia had thrown the gem into a corner. "There!" she wept, "I wish I'd never seen the thing."

"Daddy!" said Julia. Her hands were on the table cloth, and she drew one hand—the left—from beneath the cloth, and held it toward him. He looked at her inquiringly. Slowly

she drew one hand—the left—from beneath the cloth, and held it toward him.

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On the third finger sparkled a diamond.

"Good gosh!" said Julia's father. He took her hand and examined the ring. "That's a whale of a diamond," he said. "It's real!"

She nodded. "Where did you get it?" he proceeded. "It's an engagement ring," she said softly.

"An engagement ring? Does that mean you're engaged? Who are you engaged to?"

She twisted the ring with a thoughtful frown. "I don't want mama to know," she said.

"Why not? Is it Sam Carlie?" The girl shook her head. "No, Sam didn't give me this. But you know how mama is about the fat man. You'll tell her, won't you?"

"But she'll see the ring," he objected. "No, she won't. I won't wear it around the house. But if she knows about this I'm afraid—I'm afraid."

"I won't say a word," he assured her heartily. "Who's the fellow, baby?"

She reached at her, and drew her hand on his sleeve. "You trust me, don't you?" she asked.

"Surely I do," he said. "I'll tell you—I will truly—when the time comes. But it's a secret now. You don't mind my having a secret, just do this one time in my life, daddy?"

Her dark eyes were round and solemn. He cleared his throat.

"I'm sorry, dear, you don't want to trust me with your secret," he gulped. "But I'll not ask until you're ready."

"The girl ran around the table and kissed him on the forehead. "That's a good father," she said.

With a deep breath she straightened up, and began clearing the soiled dishes from the cloth. Pullen sat, drumming on the white surface before him, his head bowed.

"Don't take it that way, papa!" she whispered, coming close to him. "It isn't a terribly serious engagement! I don't want you to feel badly."

He blinked at her, and saw that his eyes were wet. She dropped her dishes with a bang.

"Please, please don't look that way!" she begged. "You make me feel like a perfectly horrible woman!"

She dropped to her knees beside him. At this moment, though, her mother's brisk tread could be heard coming up the cellar steps. Julia hastily arose.

"If I've said it once, I've said it a thousand times," said Mrs. Pullen, swinging open the kitchen door, "that a good, substantial middle-aged man is much the best kind for a girl to marry. They're more affectionate."

She lifted the heap of dishes that Julia set down and started with them to the pantry. "Julia," she called, "you bring out the rest of the dishes and straighten the table."

Pullen pushed back his chair, and rising, went to his accustomed chair in the living room. Settling himself with a sigh, he rested his elbows on the arms of the chair, and his chin upon his crossed hands. There he sat, motionless, while the dishes were washed, and the steady flow of Mrs. Pullen's voice from the rear gave evidence that she was again in high good spirits.

The dishes done, Mrs. Pullen took herself upstairs. "I'll get dressed," she said, "and we'll go out to a movie to celebrate."

As soon as she was gone, Julia slipped to her father's side and sat on the arm of his chair.

"Does it make you feel bad—my not telling you?" she asked.

He shook his head. "You're entitled—you have a right to your secrets," he said. His voice, however, choked a bit. "I want you to be happy."

A big tear ran down the girl's cheek. "You make me feel so terrible!" she said.

He took her hand. "I know you'll never anything that's wrong," he told her. "It's only that this is the first time you ever had anything to keep from me. But it's all right, dear. It's all right."

"Oh!" she sobbed. "Oh! You poor, sweet—"

Her hand went into a tiny pocket at her waist, came out with the diamond ring, and with a violent motion hurled the gem into the corner.

"There!" she wept, "I wish I'd never seen the thing!"

(Continued tomorrow.)

Mr. Work's Pointer On Auction Bridge

THE pointer for today is:

Declarer, before playing to the first trick from dummy, should count his sure tricks and plan how to handle his twenty-six cards.

When playing a No Trump, the thing for the Declarer to decide before touching a card in dummy is which suit he intends to develop and from which hand he wishes to lead it first; also whether he intends to win the first trick and, if so, in which hand. When playing a suit declaration, he should determine whether to lead trumps as soon as he gets in or to postpone the trump lead so as to utilize one or two of dummy's trumps for ruffing purposes—or for some other reason.

Declarer should first find out whether he has enough sure tricks for his contract; if that be easy, he should then estimate his chances for game; if game be assured, he should determine what method of procedure is most apt to produce a slam.

All this is quite difficult for the player of little experience and of necessity requires a considerable expenditure of time; success, however, is impossible without it. Therefore, while adversaries may be justified in complaining about undue delay later on, they should willingly concede the necessity for a reasonable amount of preliminary planning at the beginning of play.

The beginner should not attempt to plan the play of the entire hand before he plays to the first trick—the ability to do such extensive planning comes only with experience—but he should at least count his sure tricks, determine whether his objective is to be contract, game or slam, and plan how to try for whatever number of additional tricks he may need.

Tomorrow we will start the consideration of a most important bridge topic—the hold-up.

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HOW TO KEEP WELL

By Dr. W. A. EVANS

BRITAIN TAKES STRIDE IN DRUG LAWS

THE new British law for the control of dangerous drugs includes venereal with morphine and heroin. The British Medical Journal is quoted as saying: "In the London experience barbitals is the most dangerous drug in the pharmacopoeia."

Barbitals is another name for veronal. The editorial says the proposed act includes veronal, propional, medinal, dial, and all other drugs which, sold under various trade names, are really veronal or near veronal, or combinations containing veronal. In this the British act will be a great improvement over the Harrison act in that it does not cover veronal and a number of other habit forming drugs which are no less harmful than opium.

The British law does not attempt to prevent the manufacture and sale of heroin. That we are trying to do. It does regulate the sale of veronal, and other opium products.

If a person is to be cured of the drug habit in his own home, the best method is the gradual withdrawal method. In hospitals and institutions the rapid withdrawal method is preferable.

The most important part of the cure of drug addiction is what may be termed the after cure. Getting the patient off the habit and getting the drug out of his system is comparatively easy. The great difficulty is in keeping him from going back to his old habit.

A lasting cure can not be claimed until the subject has remained free from his craving for from one and a half to three years after the final withdrawal of the drug.

Of those who gave testimony before the British commission, only a few claimed that more than 10 to 20 per cent of drug addicts could be cured according to that standard. Drug addiction is more nearly incurable than consumption, cancer, or plague, and, of course, typhoid fever and pneumonia are mild in comparison.

The British act gives much discretion to physicians than does the Harrison act, at least as that act is administered. Physicians are licensed to use these dangerous, habit forming drugs. They are required to keep close records of every use. The British law makes use of revocation of a physician's license as a principal method for making those licensed obey the law.

The use of habit-forming drugs by hypodermic is advised against, and under no circumstances should a patient be taught to use a hypodermic on his self, or allowed to use one. We are glad of this action, for more reasons than one. For one thing, several of the opium-producing countries are under British control or British influence. This act will tend in time to make the British go after the traffic at the right place, that is, at the points of production.

DANGER IN ETHYL GASOLINE. Mr. T. writes: Are the exhaust gases from a motor burning ethyl gasoline any more poisonous than those from ordinary gasoline?

I have just had an unusual experience. I have a farm lighting plant with the generator located in the basement. Not knowing that the exhaust pipe was covered with snow, the generator was started, and some exhaust gas worked back into the house.

On coming into the house I noticed this and stopped the generator and opened the door for a while. My wife said she felt queer and went to bed. In a few minutes I felt dizzy, with a queer sensation through the chest and stomach.

I again opened doors and windows, airing the house as thoroughly as possible, but my wife had a severe headache and violent vomiting lasting all night and part of the next day.

Although I am entirely without tractors and am often exposed to exhaust gases, I have never noticed any bad effects. But this was the first time I had used ethyl gasoline and the generator was running on a rich mixture, as it was started cold.

REPLY. You had a narrow escape from fatal gas poisoning. The extra danger in ethyl gas, if there is any, is due to lead. The investigators have not made up their minds as to how much danger from lead poisoning there is for those who use this gas.

Prices realized on Swift & Company's sales of carcasses beef in Washington, D. C., for week ending Saturday, January 15, 1927, on shipments sold out, ranged from 15.00 cents to 19.00 cents per pound and averaged 15.72 cents per pound.—Adv.

Boy, stand to life and take it blow! Strike for the victory when you can. But keep that touch of race which shows. The world that you're a gentleman. You can make kindness your creed. And still succeed! (Copyright, 1927, Edgar A. Guest.)

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For Madame—A New Romney Frock

That will go smartly to the very smartest afternoon receptions—

—because it is in the fashionable combination of sheen and lace—because it features the new silhouette with the molded neckline—and because it makes ingenious use of very fine pleating. A lovelier, more graceful afternoon frock is scarcely possible.

\$49.50

Women's Gown Shop—Second Floor.

Gelleff's
A FASHION INSTITUTION

WIVES OF TOMORROW

By FRANCES McDONALD

While Destiny Waits!

DEAR MISS McDONALD, I am 20 years old, and considered the most attractive girl in our set, both here in town and in the city where we usually spend the winter. I have a good education, having spent several years at a good college school.

My parents are separated. Two months after I was born, religion separated them. They are both leaders in their different spheres. But I love my father more than my mother.

He had been a captain in the army and since then a senator in his State legislature and when my time comes to live with him he always makes me feel as if it were a pleasure to have him. While mother acts as if I were just a doll to be dressed again. And here is the real cause of my unhappiness. The boys had always been decent and I did not imagine they or anyone had changed. When we came to a particularly lonely road, he insulted me. I was very angry for I hate immorality. I am not a prude nor do I believe in the old-fashioned girl. But I do believe in decent men. Before we last we all went to the basketball game. There is one boy who means all the world to me. I have loved him since

our high school days. There was no engagement as we were both a little young. But he was always with me. He did not even speak or look at me. He is a good friend of the other fellow. I would so like to know what to do. Frank is not the type to dislike me on account of my illness—nor because I am not fortunate. I was before. Will you please tell me just what you think of my case. I fear I have not made it very clear, but I must someone for I am very blue and unhappy. Please help me as you helped others. Thanking you, I am,

MARY.

What you need Mary is a job! A job at which you can work seriously, and around which you can build a real life. Such a job will give you a sense of purpose and will help you to find the people with whom you will instantly be brought in contact—and will have something more in your life than the weekly basketball game.

As to the youth who affronted you. Forget him, dear child! What does he matter except as you profit by your experience with him—for of course you ought not to have gone out with a man you instinctively distrusted. But beyond that, forget him—and his friend, too, in whom you think now, you are so interested. The whole thing is a combination of the active girl in the small town and without occupation or interest. Find your individual life—and that is Friends with you. I never fear—and the joy of living will be yours, too. So onward to your destiny, Mary! For there is more in store for you than a high school love and a basketball game once a week. March out and find the something!

BEAUTY AND YOU

By VIOLA PARIS

CLEANLINESS.

THERE used to be a general impression that cosmetics were all-in-jurious for the skin and that they were to be applied surreptitiously and without the approval either of society or of the medical profession. Facts and public opinion have utterly changed in this regard. It is now the custom for women to use cosmetics as a matter of course, and, furthermore, their physicians do not discourage them in any of the usual medical preparations. What the specialists say is: Keep the skin clean, don't be shy of soap and water and use reputable cosmetics of good quality and as a final protection.

The skin is not only a beautiful covering for the body structure; it has surprising endurance and strength. The average person will not be hurt by a reasonable amount of washing with the soap and water, far less so, in fact, than by the use of greasy cold creams that cleanse imperfectly and remain on

to clog the pores and invite blackheads. Once a day then cleanse the

THE WASHINGTON POST: TUESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1927.

Tractor First in Feature Event

Don Quixote, Another Longshot, Scores in Second.

John S. Mosby Is Disqualified After Landing Final.

MIAMI, Fla., Jan. 17. (By A. P.)—Island Farm stable's Tractor, perfectly ridden by Dubois, was winner of the Buena Vista purse, a mile-and-a-half, on Tuesday. He was well played and paid \$11. Whatabout landed second with Capt. Martin third.

The favorite, Irish Marine, gave his backers a thrill for 6 furlongs by leading the field when the real racing began he simply dropped right out of it and finished bad last. Tractor, who followed pace to stretch, went to the front and won by a length and a half. Whatabout beat Capt. Martin half a length for the place.

A field of fourteen paraded to the post in the opening event, a 6-furlong dash, and Alex Woodliffe, who had been in the race, was an easy winner, with Contract second and High Ball third. Contract jumped away to the lead and led to the final sixteenth, where Alex Woodliffe came with a rush on the outside and won by three lengths. Contract defeated High Ball a head.

R. L. Gerry's colors were carried to the second event which was a five and a half furlong spring for 3-year-olds when Don Quixote, with Workman up, landed the purse by a small margin and paid \$149 for the win. Ina Baby was second with Maid of Orleans third. Candy Hog, the favorite, had a rough trip but managed to land fourth place.

The start was bad, half of the field was tied up and Rockthorn was left, but he went after the field and ran up to a contending position in the stretch. Ina Baby led to almost the end and in the last stride Don Quixote came along and won by a length. Ina Baby beat Maid of Orleans a nose for the place.

F. P. Whitney's Redstone, with Abel up, was an easy winner of the mile and a sixteenth event, third on the card. He was never out of a pull and won by five lengths. Kensington led landed the place and Hanksy Rice was third. Redstone dashed to the front, making all the pace under restraint, and won galloping by five lengths. Kensington had easily disposed of Hanksy Rice for the place.

W. J. Salmon's Thuron, paying the record price of the meeting of \$285.80, won the baby race, a quarter-mile dash, leading home a field of fourteen by a length. My Boy Friend was second and Toro third. The start was good but there was some crowding at the break and Thuron was clear and won by a nose.

The Island Farm stable made a double when its bay colt, Indian Love, galloped to victory in the second division of the third event, a mile and a sixteenth, on the program. F. Hay's Whizling Cloud was second and Everglade third.

The first disqualification of the meeting came in connection with the running of the last race, a mile and a sixteenth, when John S. Mosby was set back. He sharply cut off Whishing Stone third. M. Fator who rode Whishing Stone lodged a claim of foul against John S. Mosby and it was allowed.

TIA JUANA ENTRIES.

First Race—Three-eighths of a mile.	Second Race—One mile and a sixteenth.	Third Race—One mile and a sixteenth.	Fourth Race—One mile and a sixteenth.
1. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	1. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	1. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	1. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
2. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	2. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	2. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	2. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
3. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	3. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	3. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	3. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
4. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	4. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	4. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	4. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
5. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	5. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	5. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	5. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
6. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	6. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	6. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	6. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
7. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	7. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	7. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	7. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
8. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	8. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	8. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	8. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
9. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	9. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	9. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	9. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
10. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	10. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	10. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	10. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.

TAMPA DOWNS RESULTS.

First Race—Three-eighths of a mile.	Second Race—One mile and a sixteenth.	Third Race—One mile and a sixteenth.	Fourth Race—One mile and a sixteenth.
1. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	1. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	1. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	1. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
2. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	2. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	2. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	2. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
3. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	3. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	3. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	3. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
4. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	4. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	4. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	4. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
5. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	5. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	5. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	5. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
6. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	6. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	6. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	6. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
7. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	7. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	7. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	7. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
8. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	8. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	8. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	8. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
9. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	9. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	9. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.	9. D. C. Tule at Arcadia.
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KENNEDY'S SECK ACTION.

The Kennedy Midgits are hunting opponents. Challenges will be received at Columbia 1682.

THE "FEDERAL-AMERICAN"

Second largest capital funds of the local national banks

Capital \$1,000,000.00

Surplus \$100,000.00

Profits \$100,000.00

Second largest capital funds of the local national banks

The "Federal-AMERICAN"

Capital \$1,000,000.00

Surplus \$100,000.00

Profits \$100,000.00

Second largest capital funds of the local national banks

The "Federal-AMERICAN"

RESULTS AT MIAMI, FLORIDA, JANUARY 17, 1927

(By the Associated Press.)

WEATHER: CLEAR; TRACK: FAST.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$1,000. For 3-year-olds and upward; claiming. Start good. Won easily. Place driving. Went to post at 2:02. Off at 2:04. Winner, R. O. Egan's, 1:12.5; 2nd, 1:13.5; 3rd, 1:14.5.

Starters: Alex Woodliffe, 108; 2nd, 114; 3rd, 115; 4th, 116; 5th, 117; 6th, 118; 7th, 119; 8th, 120; 9th, 121; 10th, 122; 11th, 123; 12th, 124; 13th, 125; 14th, 126; 15th, 127; 16th, 128; 17th, 129; 18th, 130; 19th, 131; 20th, 132; 21st, 133; 22nd, 134; 23rd, 135; 24th, 136; 25th, 137; 26th, 138; 27th, 139; 28th, 140; 29th, 141; 30th, 142; 31st, 143; 32nd, 144; 33rd, 145; 34th, 146; 35th, 147; 36th, 148; 37th, 149; 38th, 150; 39th, 151; 40th, 152; 41st, 153; 42nd, 154; 43rd, 155; 44th, 156; 45th, 157; 46th, 158; 47th, 159; 48th, 160; 49th, 161; 50th, 162; 51st, 163; 52nd, 164; 53rd, 165; 54th, 166; 55th, 167; 56th, 168; 57th, 169; 58th, 170; 59th, 171; 60th, 172; 61st, 173; 62nd, 174; 63rd, 175; 64th, 176; 65th, 177; 66th, 178; 67th, 179; 68th, 180; 69th, 181; 70th, 182; 71st, 183; 72nd, 184; 73rd, 185; 74th, 186; 75th, 187; 76th, 188; 77th, 189; 78th, 190; 79th, 191; 80th, 192; 81st, 193; 82nd, 194; 83rd, 195; 84th, 196; 85th, 197; 86th, 198; 87th, 199; 88th, 200; 89th, 201; 90th, 202; 91st, 203; 92nd, 204; 93rd, 205; 94th, 206; 95th, 207; 96th, 208; 97th, 209; 98th, 210; 99th, 211; 100th, 212; 101st, 213; 102nd, 214; 103rd, 215; 104th, 216; 105th, 217; 106th, 218; 107th, 219; 108th, 220; 109th, 221; 110th, 222; 111th, 223; 112th, 224; 113th, 225; 114th, 226; 115th, 227; 116th, 228; 117th, 229; 118th, 230; 119th, 231; 120th, 232; 121st, 233; 122nd, 234; 123rd, 235; 124th, 236; 125th, 237; 126th, 238; 127th, 239; 128th, 240; 129th, 241; 130th, 242; 131st, 243; 132nd, 244; 133rd, 245; 134th, 246; 135th, 247; 136th, 248; 137th, 249; 138th, 250; 139th, 251; 140th, 252; 141st, 253; 142nd, 254; 143rd, 255; 144th, 256; 145th, 257; 146th, 258; 147th, 259; 148th, 260; 149th, 261; 150th, 262; 151st, 263; 152nd, 264; 153rd, 265; 154th, 266; 155th, 267; 156th, 268; 157th, 269; 158th, 270; 159th, 271; 160th, 272; 161st, 273; 162nd, 274; 163rd, 275; 164th, 276; 165th, 277; 166th, 278; 167th, 279; 168th, 280; 169th, 281; 170th, 282; 171st, 283; 172nd, 284; 173rd, 285; 174th, 286; 175th, 287; 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596th, 708; 597th, 709; 598th, 710; 599th, 711; 600th, 712; 601st, 713; 602nd, 714; 603rd, 715; 604th, 716; 605th, 717; 606th, 718; 607th, 719; 608th, 720; 609th, 721; 610th, 722; 611st, 723; 612nd, 724; 613th, 725; 614th, 726; 615th, 727; 616th, 728; 617th, 729; 618th, 730; 619th, 731; 620th, 732; 621st, 733; 622nd, 734; 623rd, 735; 624th, 736; 625th, 737; 626th, 738; 627th, 739; 628th, 740; 629th, 741; 630th, 742; 631st, 743; 632nd, 744; 633rd, 745; 634th, 746; 635th, 747; 636th, 748; 637th, 749; 638th, 750; 639th, 751; 640th, 752; 641st, 753; 642nd, 754; 643rd, 755; 644th, 756; 645th, 757; 646th, 758; 647th, 759; 648th, 760; 649th, 761; 650th, 762; 651st, 763; 652nd, 764; 653rd, 765; 654th, 766; 655th, 767; 656th, 768; 657th, 769; 658th, 770; 659th, 771; 660th, 772; 661st, 773; 662nd, 774; 663rd, 775; 664th, 776; 665th, 777; 666th, 778; 667th, 779; 668th, 780; 669th, 781; 670th, 782; 671st, 783; 672nd, 784; 673rd, 785; 674th, 786; 675th, 787; 676th, 788; 677th, 789; 678th, 790; 679th, 791; 680th, 792; 681st, 793; 682nd, 794; 683rd, 795; 684th, 796; 685th, 797; 686th, 798; 687th, 799; 688th, 800; 689th, 801; 690th, 802; 691st, 803; 692nd, 804; 693rd, 805; 694th, 806; 695th, 807; 696th, 808; 697th, 809; 698th, 810; 699th, 811; 700th, 812; 701st, 813; 702nd, 814; 703rd, 815; 704th, 816; 705th, 817; 706th, 818; 707th, 819; 708th, 820; 709th, 821; 710th, 822; 711st, 823; 712nd, 824; 713th, 825; 714th, 826; 715th, 827; 716th, 828; 717th, 829; 718th, 830; 719th, 831; 720th, 832; 721st, 833; 722nd, 834; 723rd, 835; 724th, 836; 725th, 837; 726th, 838; 727th, 839; 728th, 840; 729th, 841; 730th, 842; 731st, 843; 732nd, 844; 733rd, 845; 734th, 846; 735th, 847; 736th, 848; 737th, 849; 738th, 850; 739th, 851; 740th, 852; 741st, 853; 742nd, 854; 743rd, 855; 744th, 856; 745th, 857; 746th, 858; 747th, 859; 748th, 860; 749th, 861; 750th, 862; 751st, 863; 752nd, 864; 753rd, 865; 754th, 866; 755th, 867; 756th, 868; 757th, 869; 758th, 870; 759th, 871; 760th, 872; 761st, 873; 762nd, 874; 763rd, 875; 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RADIO PROGRAMS

TUESDAY, JANUARY 18.
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.
LOCAL STATIONS.
NAA—Arlington (453)
10:05 a. m. 3:45 and 10:55 p. m.—
Weather reports.
WBC—Radio Corp. of America (469)
6:45 to 7:45 a. m.—Towing of health
exercises broadcast jointly with WEAF.
11:55 a. m.—Arlington time signals.
12 noon.—"Crops Plashes," prepared
by the Department of Agriculture and
the University of Maryland extension
service.
12:15 p. m.—Organ recital by Kath-
ryn Hill Rawls.
2 p. m.—Hotel orchestra.
4:15 p. m.—Eleanor Glynn, pianist.
4:30 p. m.—Housekeeper's chat by
Dorothy Townsend.
4:45 p. m.—Eleanor Glynn, pianist.
5 to 5:15 p. m.—Washington Bank
High in Business Program, a review
and outlook by L. Seth Schmittman,
chief of division, survey of current
business, Department of Commerce.
6 p. m.—Orchestra from WEAF.
7 p. m.—"Things Talked About," by
Mrs. Nina Reed.
7:15 p. m.—Hotel orchestra.
7:30 p. m.—Thrift week radio talk
prepared by the John Hancock Mutual
Life Insurance Co.
8 p. m.—Star Radio Twins.
8:30 p. m.—Bakers from WEAF.
9 p. m.—Everyday hour from WEAF.
10 p. m.—Auction bridge from WEAF.
10:30 p. m.—Orchestra from WEAF.
11:30 to 12 p. m.—WRC Radio Movie
club, featuring George Silvers and his
entertainers, Sally Field, Joe Termini,
the Mad Musicians.
WMAA—Lease Radio Co. (284)
7 to 7:15 p. m.—"Milk for Breakfast,"
a talk on the growth and development
of dairying, dairy manufacturing, by
S. H. Harvey, assistant professor of
dairy manufacturing, University of
Maryland.
7:15 to 7:30 p. m.—Supper dance
program by Congressional Club or-
chestra.
7:30 to 8 p. m.—"Life Insurance Day,"
a thrills week talk by N. S. Ellsworth,
former president, Insurance Under-
writers association of Washington.
8 to 8:15 p. m.—"Ezra Musical Lens
Grinder."
8:15 to 8:30 p. m.—Harry Chersasky,
violinist, accompanied by Karl Holer, at
the piano.
8:30 to 8:45 p. m.—John P. Jones,
basso, accompanied by Margaret Bowie
Orant.
8:45 to 9 p. m.—"Moonshine
Weather," Dr. William J.
Humphreys, United States weather bu-
reau.
9 to 10 p. m.—Concert by the United
States Army Band symphonette, under
the direction of Thomas F. Darcy, sec-
ond leader of the band.
WRHF—Hospital Fund (256)
11 a. m. to 12 noon.—Reports.
DISTANT STATIONS.
KDKA—Pittsburgh (369)
12 noon.—Weather.
6:15 p. m.—Concert.
7:25 p. m.—Reports.
7:40 p. m.—Address.
8 p. m.—Concert.
11:35 p. m.—Theater.
KFI—Los Angeles (467)
8:30 p. m.—Matinee.
9 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Continuous.
KFKB—Milford, Kans. (437)
Silent.
KNOX—St. Louis (261)
6 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

A THREE DAYS' COUGH IS YOUR DANGER SIGNAL

Persistent coughs and colds lead to serious trouble. You can stop them now with Creomulsion, an emulsified creosote that is pleasant to take. Creomulsion is a new medical discovery with two-fold action; it soothes and heals the inflamed membranes and inhibits germ growth. Of all known drugs, creosote is recognized by high medical authorities as one of the greatest healing agents for persistent coughs and colds and other forms of throat troubles. Creomulsion contains, in addition to creosote, other healing elements which soothe and heal the inflamed membranes and stop the irritation and inflammation while the creosote goes on to the stomach, is absorbed into the blood, attacks the seat of the trouble and checks the growth of the germs. Creomulsion is guaranteed satisfactory in the treatment of persistent coughs and colds, bronchial asthma, bronchitis and other forms of respiratory disease, and is excellent for building up the system after colds or flu. Money refunded if any cough or cold is not relieved after taking according to directions. Ask your druggist—Adv.

This great bank
the
FEDERAL-AMERICAN
Is a Member of the
Federal Reserve System

STOP THAT COLD
Menth-O-Pine
50¢
ALL DRUG STORES

simple-silent
thoroughly
efficient!

\$37.50

RCA

"B" BATTERY ELIMINATOR
(DUO RECTRON)

It is snapped on and off with a simple switch—hooks up easily to your set, with its taps for 22½, 45, 90 and 135 volts. The current is filtered and smoothed out so that it is silent and hum-free. It has a regulator tube that keeps the current steady, supplying exactly the right voltage even for the many-tube sets, or the power-tube set! Designed by General Electric, Westinghouse and RCA engineers.

THE GUMPS—



ELLA CINDERS—Where is Blackie?

Ella Cinders will be on a full page in next Sunday's comic Section of The Washington Post By Bill Conselman and Charlie Plumb



GASOLINE ALLEY



MINUTE MOVIES



CICERO SAPP



WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER



Trade In Your Old Watch
For a Liberal Allowance on
The Famous—
21-Jewel ILLINOIS
STERLING WATCH
\$44.75

Adjusted to 3 positions; also heat and cold. In green and white gold, 25-year guaranteed cases. Guaranteed to give satisfactory service, or a new movement free. And you only

Pay \$1 a Week

MARX
JEWELRY
COMPANY
701 7th St. N.W.

Absence Makes the Father Wonder

17

**WALL STREET
NEWS BRIEFS**

New York, Jan. 17 (By A. P.)

Oil Co. of Indiana for 1927 is expected to be determined at the directors' meeting a few weeks hence. In 1926 regular and extra distributions amount to \$3.80 a share. The year's net is estimated at \$72,000,000, or about \$3 a share, which would mean

Prices of zinc, both ore and metal, are at new lows. Prime Western zinc being quoted 6.70 cents a pound, East St. Louis, equaling the low for 1926 early in that year and compares with 7.78 cents last Friday. Sales of Tri-State zinc concentrates last week were 13,990 tons, the price of \$44 a ton being a low for recent months, against \$45 for 3 weeks before.

orporation will vote February 17 on a plan of recapitalization approved by the directors. New 7 per cent preferred stock will be convertible into 4 shares of common stock for each share. After change of minority stock holdings in the new Fox Broadcasting Corporation, the outstanding 332,526 shares of common stock will be owned by 100,000 shareholders. The Shubert Theater Corporation will own approximately 44,500 shares in the first six months of its fiscal year. The Shubert Theater will own about 50,000 shares. The Shubert Theater will own a share was earned by the Shubert Theater. The Shubert Theater will own 50 principal London theaters.

1927 production schedule of Fox Corporation calls for fifteen feature pictures to be released during the year. In addition to regular news reels, comedies, and musicals.

will be produced at the Pic studios.

Maytag Co. had its biggest year, deliveries exceeding by 48 1/2 per cent of 1925, previous best. Net profit is estimated at about \$100,000, or better than \$4 a share on common.

The year before net common was \$4.377, or \$2.74 a share, common.

Investment of \$2,500,000 in gold bars by Banco Central de Chile to the U. S. Bank of Commerce, New York, to be ready January 18 on the spot.

Talking Stock Offered to Public

Jan. 17 (By A. P.)—The offering in the transfer to the public of a controlling interest in Talking Machine Co. will be \$16,500,000 of 7 per cent cumulative preference stock by a syndicate headed by C. and J. W. Seligman and Co.

The offering which will be made at \$100 a share, the company's 88 cumulative preferred stock, and no par value common. The three pieces of stock will total more than \$16,500,000.

MELPHIA MARKETS.

a. Jan. 17 (By A. P.)—
winter straight, Western,
0.2 red winter, 1.48½ bid;
1.41½ bid;
ninal.
white, 58¢ offer.
dry 1. 1.2450±25.00;
1.0400; No. 2, 20.00±21.00;
clover mixed, No. 1, 22.00
bid; extra, 26.00;
old packed, higher accord-
ing to quality, 1.054;
extra, (.92
to .88) accord.; 48;
corn, 43¢;
New York whole milk fat,
daisies, 26±26½; long-
firsts, 46; in new cases,
second-hand cases, 43; sec-
ond-hand cases, 43;
White: 150-pound sacks,
No. 1, sack, 3.50±3.60;
No. 2, sack, 3.40;
Sweet potatoes, Washburn
No. 1, sack, 1.00;
No. 2, sack, 95¢;
No. 1, sack, 1.00; No. 2, 95¢

Price of Fowls, net leg-
gals, fat, 30±32;
medium, 28±30;
light, 26±28;
No. 30, stagsy No. 2;
coasters, 26±22;
pounds or fowls;
chickens, 24±26
Dressed and dry picked
28±30;

[illegible]

Western, 42¢
 42¢ 50¢
 1/2 patent, 7.25
 1/2 15¢ 6.85;
 1/2 15¢ 7.50
 West, 12.85
 1/2 spot Cuban,
 1/2 50¢ for fine
 Limited de-
 6. Santos No.

RANGE.

A. P.)—For-
 mations (in
 1. 485 15-16;
 2 on banks,
 cables, 398.
 cables, 430.
 3.
 20.

206.
CAN

COURT RULING HALTS RELEASES ON WRITS AT ST. ELIZABETHS

Chief Justice McCoy Orders Hearings in Open Court in Lunacy Cases.

PERIL TO COMMUNITY SET FORTH IN BRIEF

Federal Attorney Holds Many Insane Persons Are Freed Without Inquiry.

The day of easy discharges from St. Elizabeths hospital is over, according to an opinion rendered yesterday by Chief Justice Walter I. McCoy of the District Supreme court.

Heretofore men and women whose sanity properly may be questioned have been released upon writs of habeas corpus after the court had been informed of an irregularity in the commitment papers or because of the lack of commitment papers which bear the seal of the court.

From now on, according to the opinion, any person who has been committed by the head of any government department without a lunacy hearing in court, will not be released until such a hearing is had.

According to District Attorney Peyton Gordon and his assistant, Neil Burkinshaw, this opinion will do more to clear up an embarrassing lunacy situation in the District than anything else which has been done so far. It will prevent the turning loose into the community persons known to be dangerously insane even though the commitment papers are lacking, as any person who challenges the right of Dr. William A. White, superintendent of St. Elizabeths hospital, to further detain him or her without commitment papers, has resulted in many dangerous lunatics being given their freedom long enough to do damage or to become a nuisance here or in some other community.

Whole-sale Walkouts Ended. The day of easy discharges from St. Elizabeths hospital is over, according to an opinion rendered yesterday by Chief Justice Walter I. McCoy of the District Supreme court.

The district attorney's office is not seeking to prevent the release of any person who has a moral or lawful right to be released, it was stated, as the hospital authorities have all they can do to care for those who are actually insane. This is due to the lack of housing facilities, a fault traceable to Congress. A grand jury recently investigated housing conditions at St. Elizabeths hospital and filed a report criticizing the crowded condition of some of the buildings, particularly Howard hall, where the alleged criminal insane are confined.

The ruling of the Chief Justice arises in the case of David Albrecht, a soldier, who was committed by the Secretary of War. The district attorney's office in this case contested the right of Albrecht to be released, on the ground that he was not of sound mind. Having thus raised the sanity issue, the district attorney's office was successful in its efforts to convince the Chief Justice that no patient, whether illegally committed or not, should be released without a jury first having had the opportunity to decide the question of sanity.

Commissioners Seek Street Extension

The District Commissioners yesterday ordered condemnation proceedings instituted to acquire a strip of land one mile in length along the south side of Madison street northwest from Concord avenue to North Capitol street.

The purpose of this acquisition of land is to widen Madison street to form a link in the boulevard that is to connect civil war fort sites.

TODAY'S HAPPENINGS

Dinner—Georgetown Clinical society, Lee House, 7 o'clock.
Luncheon—Coal Merchants Board of Trade, Lee House, 12:30 o'clock.
Meeting—Columbia Historical society, Cosmos club, 2:15 o'clock.
Meeting—Petworth Citizens association, Joppa lodge, 4309 Ninth street northwest, 8 o'clock.
Meeting—Women's committee of Columbia hospital campaign, 1001 Twenty-eighth street northwest, 11 o'clock.
Meeting—Potomac Palisades Garden and Landscape club, 6327 Conduit road, 7:30 o'clock.
Meeting—Anthropological society of Washington, National museum, 4:30 o'clock.
Luncheon—Civitan club, Lafayette hotel, 12:30 o'clock.
Meeting—District of Columbia Congress of Parent-Teacher Associations, Arlington hotel, 1:30 o'clock.
Luncheon—Ad club, Arlington hotel, 12:30 o'clock.
Meeting—Mount Pleasant W. C. T. U., 1464 Belmont street, 2 o'clock.
Party—Society and Newman clubs of Holy Name church, Raleigh hotel, 8:30 o'clock.
Concert—Community centers of Divisions 10-13, Armstrong high center, 8:15 o'clock.
Sales congress—City club, 8:14 o'clock.
Concert—U. S. Marine Band orchestra, band auditorium, marine barracks, 8:15 o'clock.
Banquet—Men's Bible class, Eastern Presbyterian church, 14th street and Maryland avenue northeast, 6 o'clock.
Meeting—Catholic Daughters of America, 601 E street northwest, 8 o'clock.
Meeting—Burnside post, G. A. R. O. A. R. hall, 2 o'clock.
Meeting—United Lodge of Theosophists, 700 H building, Seventeenth and I streets northwest, 8:15 o'clock.
Meeting—Vincent B. Costello post, American Legion, District building, board room, 8 o'clock.

Widow Enters Suit For \$10,000 Damages

Clemente Tammara, 1815 Potomac avenue southeast, who was held for the grand jury on December 28 at a coroner's inquest to determine the responsibility for the death of Aaron B. Tammara, all of 1880 Newton street northeast, on December 26, sued for \$10,000 damages yesterday in circuit court by Mrs. Louise C. Vall, wife of the deceased.

Vall was jacking up a wheel on his automobile preparatory to fixing a flat tire, near the reservoir, when he was struck by a passing automobile and killed. Tammara was afterward arrested and accused of being the driver of the machine which struck Vall, who Mrs. Merill appeared for Mrs. Vall, who sues as administratrix of her husband's estate.

Trustees of Capital District Arrange for Gathering in October.

WILMINGTON IS CHOSEN FOR KIWANIS CONVENTION

The trustees of the Capital district of the Kiwanis club, at their semi-annual meeting yesterday in the Washington hotel, decided to hold the next annual convention of Kiwanis clubs of this city, Virginia, Maryland and Delaware in Wilmington, Del., October 20, 21 and 22.

The trustees declared that the Capital district, comprising 46 Kiwanis clubs, will strive to give greater assistance to the crippled and underprivileged child during the ensuing year.

Russell Parkinson, of Petersburg, Va., who presided at the conference, announced that the organization will establish a system in each city where a complete means of assistance does not exist.

The first Parkinson pointed out, would be the establishment of clinics under the auspices of Kiwanis clubs where crippled children would be given medical attention without charge.

The State of Virginia has been divided into ten zones and ten orthopedic surgeons have been procured to administer to the needs of the children residing in these zones. Members were urged to stimulate interest in the clinics.

A meeting of the presidents and secretaries of the Capital district also was held at the Washington hotel. Chairman of the by-laws of the organization were suggested by the secretaries and approved by the trustees. Dr. William Mather Lewis, president of George Washington university, spoke at the luncheon meeting, presided over by William S. Quinter, president of the local club.

CHICAGO AND SEATTLE TALK OVER TELEPHONE

Line Through Chicago Is Inaugurated at U. S. Chamber of Commerce.

Inaugurating the newest transcontinental telephone line, just completed between Chicago and Seattle, Joan W. O'Leary, president of the United States Chamber of Commerce, yesterday afternoon talked from this city with John W. Spangler, president of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce, and Raymond B. Wilcox, president of the Chamber of Commerce of Portland, Ore.

The transcontinental conversation was held from the end of the wire in the board room of the United States Chamber of Commerce. Around the large three-sided table were grouped, as Samuel M. Greer, vice president of the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co. at Washington, explained in a preliminary long-distance greeting, "Martin A. Lesse, president of the local Chamber of Commerce, Edwin C. Graham, president of the local Board of Trade, and a director of the Chesapeake & Potomac Co., representatives not only of Washington newspapers, but of a number of Northwestern newspapers as well."

Each word, as it fell from the lips of the various speakers, could be heard with entire distinctness. There was no interruption, no static. Mr. Spangler, Mr. O'Leary, Mr. Wilcox, in turn, might have been sitting at the table with Mr. O'Leary. As a preliminary to the opening of the line, Mr. O'Leary, president of the American Telephone & Telegraph Co., talked to officials of the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Co. at Seattle and Portland, with Washington "listening in."

Mr. Greer then began the transcontinental greetings from the Capital by extending "compliments and good wishes." Mr. O'Leary, who followed, referred to the great fortune of citizens of the United States in having the genius to invent methods of communication and the common sense to take advantage of them.

The new transcontinental telephone line extends from Chicago to Seattle, a distance of approximately 2,225 miles, and will be in service by the end of the month. It is the longest line in the world, and requires more than twelve months to complete. It is the longest line in the world, and requires more than twelve months to complete.

The Fitzgerald workmen's compensation bill, now apparently dead in the House calendar, was given new life yesterday when a companion measure was introduced in the Senate by Senator Capper, of Kansas, chairman of the Senate District committee. The bill would provide for government administration of the compensation.

Local business interests, as reflected in the Board of Trade, have sought a bill sponsored by Representative Underhill of Massachusetts, providing for private administration of the measure. Because of the deadlock the Fitzgerald bill, which received a majority favorable report from the House committee, was considered dead on the House calendar. Sponsors of the Fitzgerald bill, by the House district committee, however, hope to bring the issue to a vote.

\$20,000 Damages Sought. Rose M. Cornet, 913 Maryland avenue northeast, filed suit yesterday in circuit court against William W. Everett, contractor, for \$20,000 damages for alleged breach of contract. Through Attorney Friedlander & Guinane the plaintiff says that Everett did not follow specifications in the erection of premises 1638 Van Buren street northwest and that she was compelled to go to additional expense in repairing.

NEWS OF THE DAY IN PICTURES



A MILLION AND A YEAR. It took that much money and that length of time to complete the third transcontinental telephone line between Chicago and Seattle, a distance of 2,225 miles, which was formally opened yesterday by John W. O'Leary, president of the United States Chamber of Commerce, who talked from the chamber headquarters here to John W. Spangler, president of the Chamber of Commerce, Seattle.



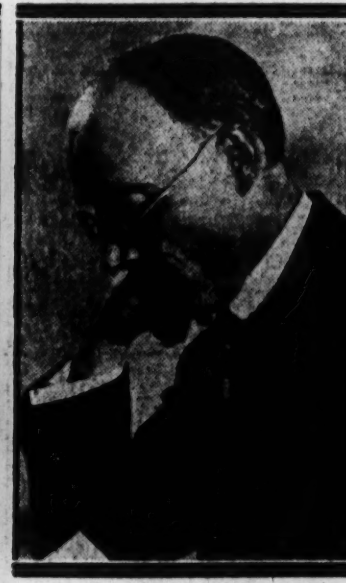
CHAIRMAN. James Allen, lecturer, Washington council, Knights of Columbus, who is chairman of the midwinter ball, which the knights will hold tonight in the Mayflower hotel.



TRIBUTE. Horace Lippincott, University of Pennsylvania alumnus, yesterday laid a wreath on the statue of Benjamin Franklin in memory of his birth anniversary.



LEADER. Alberto Bimboni, who has conducted in the principal grand opera houses of Europe, will conduct the performance of "Lakme" by the Washington Opera Company in the Washington Auditorium Monday night.



Henry Miller Service.



SPEAKERS. Dr. George David Stewart, New York; Dr. Charles H. Mayo, Rochester, Minn.; Dr. Allan Craig, Chicago, and Dr. John Osborn Polak, prominent surgeons, who will speak at the public meeting of the American College of Surgeons at 8 o'clock tonight in the auditorium of the District Medical society, 1718 M street northwest.



POLITICS. Democratic women yesterday began a series of weekly meetings at which they will hear prominent men and women discuss affairs of state and politics. The meetings will be held in the National Democratic club headquarters, 820 Connecticut avenue northwest. Mrs. Robert L. Owen, Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and her sister, Miss Edith Bolling, were photographed yesterday as they went to hear Representative Cordell Hull speak.



City K. of C. to Hold Yearly Ball Tonight



SCHOOL INVESTIGATION WILL BEGIN TONIGHT

JURY IN BUSCH CASE MAY BE READY TODAY

Four Charged With Murder of Policeman Shot on September 26.

A jury to try Nicholas Lee Eagles, alias Silverblatt; John Proctor, John F. McCabe and Samuel Moreno on an indictment charging first degree murder may be obtained today in criminal court No. 1. These defendants are charged with the murder of Policeman Leo W. K. Busch, who was shot September 26.

Four days have been spent in the attempt to obtain a jury. The principal difficulties encountered are the conscientious scruples entertained by many prospective jurors against capital punishment and the natural causes for which many are excused from jury duty, these being age or some infirmity, or a direct or indirect connection with the government.

The defense has used fourteen of its twenty peremptory challenges, while the prosecution has used six. There were twelve men in the jury box when Justice Rife adjourned court yesterday afternoon. The prosecution has announced six times that it was content with the jury selected, but a defense attorney has interrupted with a peremptory challenge. On one occasion the prosecution peremptorily challenged a man after having announced it was satisfied.

Contractor Is Sued. Meta M. Evans, 1752 N street northwest, filed suit yesterday in circuit court against Gilbert B. Beck, contractor, of 6930 Georgia avenue, to recover \$10,000 damages for alleged breach of contract. Through Attorney Friedlander & Guinane the plaintiff says that Beck did not follow specifications in the erection of premises 1638 Van Buren street northwest and that she was compelled to go to additional expense in repairing.

Civil Suit Is Allowed In Philips Litigation

The Federal government, which failed to obtain convictions in the criminal phase of the Philips lumber case, a so-called war fraud affair, will be allowed to press its suit for accounting notwithstanding the acquittal according to Justice Jennings Bailey in equity court.

The court sustained the contentions of the government that the acquittal could not be set up as a bar to the prosecution of the civil suit because the government had acted in its sovereign capacity and was not a party to the criminal case. The government was exercising in the equity case, the same right as is accorded a private or individual litigant.

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR SENORA FREYRE

Funeral services for Senora Felodada Soruco de Jimenez Freyre, wife of the Bolivian minister to the United States, who died Saturday at Wardman Park hotel, will be held at 10 o'clock this morning from the church of St. Thomas, Apostles, Twenty-seventh and Woodley road northwest.

Rites will be conducted by the Rev. Thomas A. Walsh, pastor of the church. Interment will be in Mount Olivet cemetery. Senora Freyre had been ill but two weeks. Her son, Victor, a student in Paris, was summoned home when her condition took a serious turn. She had lived in Washington for her husband since October, 1923.

MISS FAIRLEY'S RITES WILL BE HELD TODAY

Funeral services for Miss Frances Sarah Fairley, principal of the Park View school, will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Park View Christian church. Burial will be in Rose Creek cemetery. Superintendent of Schools Ballou and virtually all other school officials will attend the funeral.

The Park View school, which was directed by Miss Fairley from the time it opened in 1916, will be closed at 1 o'clock so the teachers may attend the services. Miss Fairley, who was 70 years old, had been connected with the school system for a half century. She died of pneumonia at George Washington University hospital after an illness of three days.

Wife of Bolivian Minister to Be Buried in Mount Olivet Cemetery.

Funeral services for Senora Felodada Soruco de Jimenez Freyre, wife of the Bolivian minister to the United States, who died Saturday at Wardman Park hotel, will be held at 10 o'clock this morning from the church of St. Thomas, Apostles, Twenty-seventh and Woodley road northwest.

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City K. of C. to Hold Yearly Ball Tonight

The annual midwinter ball of Washington council, Knights of Columbus, one of the outstanding social events of that organization each year, will be held tonight in the Mayflower hotel at 9 o'clock. A supper will be served at 8 o'clock. Music will be furnished by McWilliam's orchestra.

John Allen, lecturer of the council, is chairman of the committee on arrangements. Others on the committee are: James McKee, vice chairman; George Veelman, Frank Glancy, Thomas C. Kennedy, Joseph Deegan, Louis A. Payne, James D. Elgin, F. C. Powderly, James E. Cauldwell, James E. Diver and James A. Sullivan.

Humor Crowds Songs In Eveready Program

During the ever-ready hour this evening the radio audience will hear "Bugs" Baer as "master of ceremonies" at 9 o'clock. The program to be played by the Eveready orchestra of the ever-ready group will be composed almost entirely of familiar songs and compositions.

Franklin Baer, tenor, who has been heard on other programs broadcast by WRC jointly with New York stations, will sing "Mayday" from George Gershwin's "Oh, Kay."

Chain Store Robbed; Autoist Loses Coat

Two holdups were reported to police yesterday. Percy H. Bryant, manager of a Sanitary chain grocery store at 802 M street southeast, said two armed colored men confronted him in the store and made off with \$175. While one leveled a pistol at him, the other looted the safe. The robbery marked the fourth holdup of Sanitary chain stores this year.

Thomas Lomas, 505 New Hampshire avenue northwest, reported the loss of his overcoat to three armed colored men. He said he was driving an automobile between Twelfth and Thirtieth on T street northwest when the men pointed revolvers at him and robbed him.

CITY HEADS EXPECTED TO FAVOR MEDICAL BILL

Copeland Measure Referred to Commissioners for Formal Approval.

The Copeland bill, for raising educational requirements of licensed physicians of the District of Columbia, was referred to the commissioners yesterday for their recommendation.

It is expected that the commissioners will approve the measure, due to the fact that Cuno H. Rudolph is no longer a member of their board. In the past he blocked its indorsement because it provides for one board, consisting principally of physicians, to license and control medical practitioners, osteopaths and chiropractors. He believed in entrusting licensing of osteopaths and chiropractors to separate boards recruited from their own ranks instead of to presumably hostile boards of conventional doctors.

Dr. William C. Fowler, District health officer, recommended the bill to the commissioners and supported it with a report he wrote in 1924, in which he said, as of that period:

"A large number of individuals who claim to be graduates of certain schools of the healing arts are now practicing certain systems and are clearly without the fundamental knowledge of the diseases of the human body to qualify them for this kind of work."

The Copeland bill provides for a board of medical education and licensure to consist of nine members, six physicians and three others, one a lawyer and one an educator. It is provided that no more than three of the medical members shall at any time be adherents of any one system of medicine. In organizing the board it is proposed that two of the medical members shall be of the "regular" school of medicine and the third shall be one each for homeopathy, eclectics, osteopaths and chiropractors.

HIGHWAY TOMT. VERNON ALONG RIVER IS ASKED

\$4,000,000 Scenic Route Recommended to House Committee Following Survey.

Recommendation of the river route for the proposed Washington-Mount Vernon memorial boulevard, desired completed by the time of the Washington bicentennial celebration in 1932, has been made by the Department of Agriculture to the House committee on roads following a survey by the bureau of public roads.

Exclusive of an initial appropriation for necessary fills, the estimated cost of the route, deemed the best for historic, practical and scenic advantages, is placed at \$4,000,000. Surveys were made of two routes, one west of Alexandria and directly from the Arlington Memorial bridge to Mount Vernon and the route along the river front.

The upper route is shorter and less expensive, being 12½ miles, while the river route is 14½ miles. One mile of the latter would be furnished by Washington street in Alexandria.

The river route is favored as one lending itself more readily to the comprehensive plan for Washington's beautification, much of it traversing land owned by the District, or territory which would be obtained at low cost. It would run through country closely associated with the life of George Washington.

Greater scenic values are easier than those of the upper, which would run over rolling country. Preliminary work would include heavy fills through marshy country which should have several years to settle. For the thoroughfare to be completed by 1932, it was held that the road should start as soon as possible.

Revue Is Postponed By Holy Rosary Club

The Holy Rosary Dramatic club has abandoned its plan to stage a vaudeville revue the latter part of this month, because of other parish activities scheduled for that time.

Paul Messink, director of the club, announced last night that the club would stage a dramatic production, "Coelia," in April. The play was written by the Rev. Aurelio Palmieri, and deals with the life of the patroness of music.

The Rev. Frederic William Perkins and Mrs. Perkins were tendered a reception last night in the Washington club, by communicants of the First Universalist church. Dr. Perkins recently was installed as pastor of the church.

EXERCISES MARKING FRANKLIN'S BIRTHDAY OPEN THRIFT WEEK

Ceremonies Honoring Patriot Held at Statue and Throughout Capital.

WREATH FOR MEMORIAL IS GIVEN BY COOLIDGE

Schools' Attention Called to American's Precepts on 221st Anniversary.

Benjamin Franklin's birthday yesterday marked the opening of Thrift week. Ceremonies honoring the memory of Franklin were held at the foot of his statue, and other meetings in various places called attention to the opening of Thrift week and the precepts given by Franklin.

A wreath sent by President Coolidge was placed at the base of the statue of Benjamin Franklin in Pennsylvania avenue and Tenth street northwest, which was the scene of impressive ceremonies in commemoration of the 221st anniversary of the patriot's birth. The Sons of the American Revolution placed the President's wreath on the statue. Wreaths sent by the National Society of Daughters of the American Revolution and by the District of Columbia Society of America also were placed on the statue during the ceremony of the Sons of the American Revolution. At other ceremonies during the day the Sons of the Revolution, the Washington Alumni of the University of Pennsylvania, and the Thrift week committee placed wreaths on the statue.

Bagiens Open Ceremony. A detail of bagiens opened the ceremony of the Sons of the American Revolution. They were followed by an address by Samuel Herick and the presentation of colors and a salute.

Other speakers during the day were Mrs. Andrew J. Brouse, president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution; Col. F. C. Bryan, former president of the society, and George H. Carter, United States public printer. Herick was assisted by Frederick D. Owen, Col. H. J. Hunt, William Knowles Cooper and Kenneth S. Wales.

Senator Charles McNary, of Princeton, presided at the ceremony of the Sons of the Revolution and Chaplain Thomas E. Green pronounced the opening prayer. George Thomsen represented the French government commemorating the French-colonial alliance during the Revolution. The Bourbon emblem, the American flag, Revolutionary flags and emblems of the Sons of the Revolution were draped around the statue.

Commissioner J. Franklin Bell was in charge of the ceremony, assisted by John W. Childress, John C. Cooney, George Helien, Clair A. Huston, Le Roy O. King, John T. Loomis, Duane McLaughan and Newbold Noyes.

Victor D. Dyer, C. H. Hilligast and C. E. Fleming composed the Thrift Week committee which placed a wreath upon the statue.

Thrift Talks for Children. Talks on thrift were given at numerous meetings held throughout the city by schools and civic organizations.

Among speakers at the thrift gatherings were H. L. Choate, F. M. Barrow, Harold D. Kraus, Dr. Thomas Green, of the American Red Cross; Miss Elsie Pierce, S. H. Talbot, James C. Cummings and Mrs. L. E. Koblitz.

The places at which talks were held included the Railroad Y. M. C. A. at the Union station, Del Ray, Arlington County High school, Western High school, Eastern High school, Piney Branch chapter, Y. W. C. A., Princeton chapter, Y. W. C. A., Jefferson Junior High school, Falls Church school, Y. M. C. A., District of Columbia Bankers association, Washington Real Estate board, Bloomingdale chapter, Y. W. C. A., and the Brown, West, Fairbrother, Brent, Pierce, Blow, Langdon, Addison and Rose elements in schools.

Today other meetings will be held, and a talk by N. E. Elworth will be broadcast over Station WMAU.

Mrs. Louise M. Davis Estate Is \$527,500

Mrs. Louise M. Davis, who died December 31, left an estate valued at approximately \$527,500, according to the petition for letters testamentary filed yesterday in the Probate court.

The estate includes the summer home at Bar Harbor, Maine, which is valued at \$25,000, and a large tract of land in Maine, which is valued at \$100,000. The income from certain of the property is to be paid to the granddaughter, subject to the conditions set forth in the will. An income of \$1,000 a year is provided for Mrs. William H. Cogswell, who is the daughter of the testatrix.

Navy Plans Exhibit At Seville Exposition

Preliminary arrangements for sending an exhibit to the exposition to be held in Seville, Spain, beginning October, 1928, are being made by the Navy Department.

The exhibit will include radio and sound material illustrating the navy's part in the development of means of communication by radio, the sonic depth finder, and underwater sound transmission; material from the hydrographic office, with charts and other aids to navigators; and an exhibit from the naval observatory, including time service. The exhibit will be placed in the United States government building, which will be erected on the site of a commission headed by former Gov. Thomas E. Campbell, of Arizona.

Columbia Drive Plans Hotel Headquarters

Headquarters for workers in the Columbia hospital campaign to raise \$150,000 will be established in the Washington hotel, February 1, according to the campaign executive committee yesterday afternoon. During the week of intense effort, luncheons will be held at the hotel every day when the various workers will submit their reports.